




LCIE

TEST REPORT N°: CIBT-ESH-P23041630

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This document includes: 101 pages

Factory name:	Changyou Technology (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.		
Location:	Paidong Industrial Zone, Qiligang, Yueqing City, Zhejiang province, China.	Start date:	2023-04-26
	Finish date:	2023-06-20	
	Standards used: (Date):	IEC 61643-11:2011 EN 61643-11:2012+A11:2018	
	Clauses examined:	All clauses	
	Re-testing:	None	
	Surge Protection Device (SPD), TOSPO	Remark / Note:	None

**CONCLUSION: The samples satisfy to the clauses examined of the standard.**

Test done by:	Approved by:
Project Engineer	PL Manager
Jiajun Liu / Issa ZONG <i>Jiajun Liu issa</i>	Charlie CHEN <i>Charlie</i>

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**Product list:**

Reference	Specification
TOSPO	L1 + L2 + L3 + N +E

**Markings:**



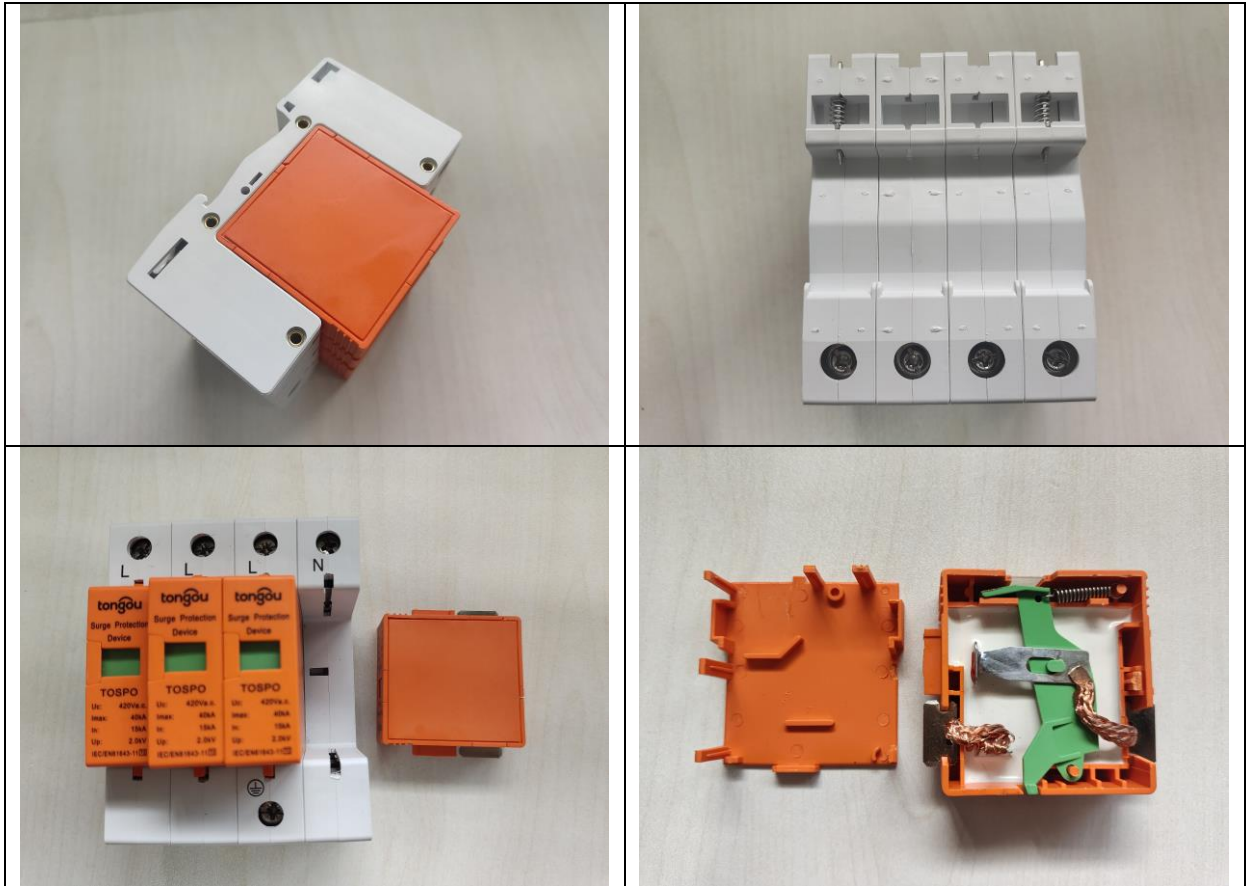
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**Pictures of samples tested:**



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<b>Test item particulars</b> .....:	Surge Protection Device
Number of ports:	One port
SPD design topology:	Voltage limiting
SPD type (and test class):	Type 2 (II)
Location:	Indoor
Accessibility:	Inaccessible
Mounting method:	Fixed
SPD Disconnecter:	Internal
Protection functions:	Thermal
Overcurrent protection:	Not specified
Degree of protection (IP code):	IP20
Temperature range:	Normal
Required SPD-disconnectors:	N/A
SPD failure behaviour	Open circuit

Possible test case verdicts :	
- Test object does meet the requirement :	P (Pass)
- Test case does not apply to the test object :	NA (Not applicable)
- Test object does not meet the requirement :	F (Fail)
- Test object does not demand :	ND (Not demanded)
General remarks:	
"(See remark #)" refers to a remark appended to the report.	
Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal separator.	



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 1:</b>		
7.1.1/7.1.2	Identification and Marking	Model: TOSPO	
	Markings on the body or permanently attached to		
	a1) Manufacturer/Trade mark/Model number		P
	a2) Maximum continuous operating voltage $U_c$ (one value for each mode of protection)	420 V	P
	a3) Type of current: a.c. or “~”and/or frequency	~	P
	a4) The SPD type and discharge parameters for each mode of protection declared by the manufacturer and printed next to each other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● For Type 1: “Type 1” and “<math>I_{imp}</math>” and the value in kA, and/or “<math>T_1</math>” (<math>T_1</math> in a square) and “<math>I_{imp}</math>” and the value in kA</li> <li>● For Type 2: “Type 2” and “<math>I_n</math>” and the value in kA, and/or “<math>T_2</math>” (<math>T_2</math> in a square) and “<math>I_n</math>” and the value in kA</li> <li>● For Type 3: “Type 3” and “<math>U_{oc}</math>” and the value in kV, and/or “<math>T_3</math>” (<math>T_3</math> in a square) and “<math>U_{oc}</math>” and the value in kV</li> </ul>	$T_2$ $I_n$ 15 kA  __ kV	N/A  P  N/A
	a5) Voltage protection level $U_p$ (one value for each mode of protection)	2.0 kV	P
	a6) Degree of protection if > IP20	IP	N/A
	a7) Identification of terminals or leads	L N PE	P
	a8) Rated load current $I_L$	__ A	N/A
	An SPD may be classified according to more than one test class (e.g. Type 1 T1 and Type2 T2). In this case, the tests required for all declared test classes shall be performed. If in such case the manufacturer declares only one protection level, only the highest protection level shall appear in the marking.		N/A  N/A
	Information provided with the products		
	b1) Location	Indoor	P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	b2) Number of ports	One	P
	b3) Method of mounting	35mm DIN rail	P
	b4) Short circuit current rating $I_{SCCR}$	300 A	P
	b5) Ratings and characteristics for external disconnector		N/A
	b6) Indication of disconnector operation	Indicating window Green to Red	P
	b7) Orientation for normal installation		N/A
	b8) Installation instructions - type of LV systems (TN-, TT-, IT-system) - intended connection - nominal a.c. system voltages and maximum allowed voltage regulation for which the SPD is designed, mechanical dimensions, lead lengths, etc.	TN-system	P
	b9) Temperature and humidity range	-5~40°C 5%~95% RH	P
	b10) void		N/A
	b11) Residual current $I_{\Delta E}$	1 mA	P
	b12) Transition surge current rating for short-circuiting type SPD $I_{trans}$		N/A
	b13) The minimum distance from any earthed conductive surface at which the SPD can be installed		N/A
	b14) $I_{max}$ (if declared by the manufacturer)	40 kA	P
	Information which shall be available in a datasheet		
	c1) Temporary overvoltage rating $U_T$ and/or the type(s) of power system(s) the SPD is designed for according to Annex B and corresponding connection details	LV(120min): 442V	P
	c2) Total discharge current $I_{TOTAL}$ for multipole SPDs (if declared by the manufacturer) and the corresponding test class		N/A
	c3) Voltage drop for two port SPDs		N/A
	c4) Load-side surge withstand capability for two-port SPDs		N/A
	c5) Information about replaceable parts (indicators, fuses, etc.)		N/A
	c6) Voltage rate of rise $du/dt$		N/A
	c7) void		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	c8) Modes of protection (for SPDs with more than one mode of protection)		N/A
8.2	Indelibility of markings	Model: TOSPO	
	This test shall be applied on markings of all types except those made by impressing, molding and engraving.		P
	The test is made by rubbing the marking by hand for 15s with a piece of cotton soaked with water and again for 15s with a piece of cotton soaked with aliphatic solvent hexane with a content of aromatics of maximum 0,1% volume, a kauributanol value of 29, initial boiling-point approximately 65 °C and a specific gravity of 0,68 g/cm <sup>3</sup> .		P
	After this test, the marking shall be easily legible.		P
7.3.1	Mounting	Model: TOSPO	
	SPDs shall be provided with appropriate means for mounting that will ensure mechanical stability. Mechanical coding/interlock shall be provided to prevent incorrect combinations of plug-in SPD modules and sockets. Compliance is checked by visual inspection.		P
	Terminals and connections		
7.3.2	Screws, current carrying parts and connections	Model: TOSPO	
8.4.1	Reliability of screws, current-carrying parts and connections	Model: TOSPO	
	Screws operated when connecting the SPD:		
	The screws are tightened and loosened: - ten times for screws in engagement with a thread of insulating material - five times in all other cases	5 times	P
	Screws or nuts in engagement with a thread of insulating material are completely removed and reinserted each time unless the construction of the screw prevents this.		P
	The test is made by means of a suitable test screwdriver or spanner applying a torque as shown in Table 10 or according to the manufacturer's specification, whichever is greater.		P
	The screws shall not be tightened in jerks.		P
	The conductor is moved each time the screw is loosened.		P



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	During the test, the screwed connections shall not work loose and there shall be no damage, such as breakage of screws or damage to the head slots, threads, washers or stirrups, that will impair the further use of the SPD.		P
	Enclosures and covers shall not be damaged. This shall be verified by visual inspection.		P
7.3.3	External connections	Model: TOSPO	
8.4.2	Terminals for external conductors	Model: TOSPO	
	The SPD is mounted according to the manufacturer's recommendation on a dull, black-painted board of about 20mm thickness, and protected against undue external heating or cooling. SPD terminals wired with conductors according to: - table 11, for two-port devices and one port devices with separate input/output terminals or, - the manufacturer's instruction, for other one-port devices	$\text{--- A}$ $\text{--- mm}^2 \sim \text{--- mm}^2$  $2.5 \text{ mm}^2 \sim 25 \text{ mm}^2$	N/A  P
	SPDs tested according to class I and one-port SPDs with a nominal discharge current 5 kA tested according to class II shall be capable of clamping conductors up to a cross-section of at least 4 mm <sup>2</sup>		P
	Terminals shall be fastened to the SPD in such a way that they will not work loose if the clamping screws or the lock nuts are tightened or loosened. A tool shall be required to loosen the clamping screws or the lock nuts.		P
	Terminals for external conductors shall be such that the conductors may be connected so as to ensure that the necessary contact pressure is maintained permanently. The terminals shall be readily accessible under the intended conditions of use.		P
	The means for clamping the conductors in the terminals shall not serve to fix any other component, although they may hold the terminals in place or prevent them from turning.		P
	Terminals shall have adequate mechanical strength.		P
	Terminals shall be so designed that they clamp the conductor without undue damage to the conductor.		P



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Terminals shall be so designed that they clamp the conductor reliably and between metal surfaces.		P
	Terminals shall be so designed or positioned that neither a rigid solid conductor nor a wire of a stranded conductor can slip out while the clamping screws or nuts are tightened.		P
7.3.3.1	Terminals with screws	Model: TOSPO	
	Screws and nuts for clamping the conductors shall have a metric ISO thread or a thread comparable in pitch and mechanical strength.		P
	Terminals shall be so fixed or located that, when the clamping screws or nuts are tightened or loosened, the terminals shall not work loose from their fixings to the SPDs.		P
	These requirements do not imply that the terminals shall be so designed that their rotation or displacement is prevented, but any movement shall be sufficiently limited so as to prevent non-compliance with the requirements of this standard.		P
	The use of sealing compound or resin is considered to be sufficient for preventing a terminal from working loose, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The sealing compound or resin is not subject to stress during normal use, and</li> <li>The effectiveness of the sealing compound or resin is not impaired by temperatures attained by the terminal under the least favourable conditions specified in this standard.</li> </ul>		N/A
	Clamping screws or nuts of terminals intended for the connection of protective conductors shall be adequately secured against accidental loosening.		P
	Screws shall not be made of metal that is soft or liable to creep, such as zinc or aluminium.		P
8.4.2.1.1	General	Model: TOSPO	
	These tests are made by means of a suitable screwdriver or spanner applying a torque as shown in table 10.	6 mmØ 2.5 Nm	P
	The terminals are fitted with copper conductors of the smallest or largest cross-sectional areas specified in 8.4.2, solid or stranded, whichever is least favourable	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ~25 mm <sup>2</sup>	P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The conductor is inserted into the terminal for the minimum distance prescribed or, where no distance is prescribed, until it just projects from the far side, and in the position most likely to assist the wire to escape		P
	The clamping screws are then tightened with a torque to two-thirds of that shown in the appropriate column of table 10.	6 mmØ 1.67 Nm	P
	Each conductor is then subjected to a pull of the value, in newtons, shown in table 12. The pull is applied without jerks, for 1 min, in the direction of the axes of the conductor space.	100 N	P
	During this test, the conductor shall not move noticeably in the terminal		P
8.4.2.1.2 a)	The terminals are fitted with cooper conductors (solid or stranded), of the smallest or largest-sectional areas as specified in 8.4.2, (whichever is the least favourable) and the terminal screws are tightened with a torque equal to two-thirds of the values shown in the appropriate column of table 10. The terminal screws are then loosened and the part of the conductor which may have been affected by the terminal is inspected.	min. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max. 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	P
	The conductors shall show neither undue damage nor severed wires		P
	Conductors are considered to be unduly damaged if they show deep or sharp indentations.		P
	During the test, terminals shall not work loose and there shall be no damage such as breakage of screws or damage to the head slots, threads, washers or stirrups, that will impair the further use of the terminal.		P
8.4.2.1.2 b)	The terminals are fitted with a rigid stranded cooper conductor according to table 13.	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ~25 mm <sup>2</sup>	P
	Before insertion in the terminal, the wires of the conductors are suitably reshaped		P
	The conductor is inserted into the terminal until the conductor reaches the bottom of the terminal or just projects from the far side of the terminal and in the position most likely to assist a wire to escape. The clamping screw or nut is then tightened with a torque equal to two-thirds of that shown in the appropriate column of table 10	6 mmØ 1.67 Nm	P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	After the test, no wire of the conductor shall have slipped out of the SPD terminal.		P
7.3.3.2	Screwless terminals	Model:	
	Terminals shall be so designed and constructed that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>each conductor is clamped individually.</li> </ul> During the connection or disconnection the conductors can be connected or disconnected either at the same time or separately, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>it is possible to clamp securely any number of conductors up to the maximum provided</li> </ul>		N/A
8.4.2.2	The terminals are fitted with new cooper conductors (solid or stranded), of the smallest or largest cross-sectional areas as specified in 8.4.2		N/A
	Each conductor is then subjected to a pull of the value shown in table 14. The pull is applied without jerks for 1 min in the direction of the axis of the conductor.	$\frac{\text{--- mm}^2 \sim \text{--- mm}^2}{\text{--- N}}$	N/A
8.4.2.3	Insulation piercing connections	Model:	
8.4.2.3.1	Pull test on terminals designed for single core conductors	Model:	
	The terminals are fitted with new cooper conductors (solid or stranded), of the smallest or largest cross-sectional areas as specified in 8.4.2, (whichever is the least favourable). Screws, if any, are tightened according to Table 10.	$\frac{\text{--- mm}\varnothing}{\text{--- Nm}}$	N/A
	The conductors are connected and disconnected five times, new conductors being used each time. After each connection the conductors are subjected to a pull, without jerks, for 1 min in the axis of the tapping conductor according to the value given in Table 14.	$\frac{\text{--- mm}^2 \sim \text{--- mm}^2}{\text{--- N}}$	N/A
	During the test, there shall be no movement of the conductor in the terminal or any sign of damage.		N/A
8.4.2.3.2	Pull test on terminals designed for multi-core cables or cords	Model:	
	The pull-out test on the SPD terminals designed for multi-core cables or cords is carried out as for single core conductors, except that the pull force is applied to the entire multi-core cable or cord instead of to the individual core.	$\begin{matrix} \text{min. --- mm}^2 \\ \text{max. --- mm}^2 \end{matrix}$	N/A
		Model:	

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The pull force is calculated according to the following formula: $F = F(x) \sqrt{n}$ $F$ is the total force to apply $n$ is the number of cores $F(x)$ is the force for one core according to the cross-section of one conductor (see table 9)	$F(x) = \_ \text{ N}$ $n = \_$ $F = \_ \text{ N}$	N/A
	During the test, the cable or cord shall not slip out of the terminals.		N/A
8.4.2.4	Flat quick connect terminations	Model:	
	Under consideration		N/A
8.4.2.5	Pigtail connections (flying leads)		
8.4.2.5.1	Pull test on flying lead conductors		
	A flying lead and anchorage shall withstand without damage or detachment a direct pull of 89N for one minute, applied to the lead from any angle which the construction or the device will allow.		N/A
	During the test, there shall be no movement of the conductor or any sign of damage.		N/A
7.2.1	Protection against direct contact	Model:	
	Test applied to SPDs with $U_c > 50\text{V r.m.s.}$		P
	For protection against direct contact (inaccessibility of live parts), SPDs shall be so designed that, when they are wired and mounted as for normal use, live parts are not accessible, even after removal of parts which can be removed without the use of a tool.		P
8.3.1.1	Insulated parts	Model:	
	The sample is mounted as for normal use and the test is conducted using conductors of the smallest cross-sectional area and then again using conductors of the largest cross-sectional area specified in 8.4.2.		P
	The standard test finger (in accordance with IEC 60529) is applied in every possible position.		P
	For plug-in SPDs (which can be changed without a tool), the test finger is applied in every possible position, when the plug is partially inserted or completely inserted in a socket outlet.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	An electrical continuity indicator operating from a voltage of not less than 40V and not more than 50V, one side of which is connected to the test finger to check for the possibility of contact with any live part or the sample.		P
8.3.1.2	Metal parts	Model:	
	Metal parts which are accessible when the SPD is wired and mounted as for normal use are connected to earth through a low resistance connection, except of small screws and the like, isolated from live parts, for fixing bases and covers or cover plates of socket-outlets.		N/A
	A current (derived from an a.c. source having a no-load voltage not exceeding 12 V) equal to 1,5 times the rated load current or 25 A, whichever is the greater, is passed between the earthing terminal and each of the accessible metal parts in turn.	__ A	N/A
	The voltage drop between the earthing terminal and the accessible metal part is measured and the resistance is calculated from the current and this voltage drop. The resistance shall not exceed 0,05 Ω.	__ mV __ Ω	N/A
7.4.1	Environment, IP code	Model: TOSPO	
	SPDs shall be provided with an enclosure for protection against ingress of solid objects and water in accordance with the IP code declared by the manufacturer.		P
8.5.1	Test carried out acc. to IEC 60529 to check IP code	IP 20	P
7.2.2	Residual current $I_{PE}$	Model: TOSPO	
	This test is not performed on SPDs for connection N-PE only		P
	For all SPDs with a terminal for the protective conductor, the residual current $I_{PE}$ shall be measured when all SPD terminals are connected to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ) according to the manufacturer's instructions.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
8.3.2	All modes of protection of the SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions. The line to PE voltage of the supply system shall be adjusted to the reference test voltage $U_{REF}$ .	$U_{REF}=255\text{ V}$ $I_{PE}=0.1983\text{ mA}$	P
7.2.4/8.3.4	Operating duty	Model: TOSPO	
	The SPD shall be capable of withstanding specified discharge currents during application of the maximum continuous operating voltage $U_c$ without unacceptable changes in its characteristics. In addition voltage switching type SPDs or combination type SPDs shall be able to interrupt any follow current up to the short-circuit current rating ( $I_{SCCR}$ ) The test setup shall comply with the circuit diagram given in Figure 7.		P
	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:		P
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	-15.430 kA/-1.535 kV	P
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$		N/A
	Sample connected to power frequency source at $U_c$	420 V	P
8.3.4.2.1	SPDs with follow current < 500A: Voltage at SPD terminals does not fall below the peak value of $U_c$ by more than 10% during flow of follow current		P
8.3.4.2.2	SPDs with follow current > 500A: The test sample shall be connected to a power frequency voltage at $U_c$ with a prospective short-circuit current equal to the short circuit current rating $I_{sc}$ declared by the manufacturer and with a power factor in accordance with Table 8, except for SPDs which are only connected between neutral and protective earth in TT- and/or TN-systems, for which the prospective short-circuit current shall be at least 100A.	__ kA $\cos\phi=$	N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
8.3.4.3	Class I and II operating duty tests	Model: TOSPO	
	Three groups of five impulses of 8/20 current impulses with positive polarity shall be applied. The test samples are connected to a power source according to 8.3.4.2. Each impulse shall be increased in steps of 30° with a tolerance of ± 5° for each synchronisation angle. time interval between the impulses 50s – 60s time interval between the groups 30 min – 35 min	15 kA  sync. 0°, 30°, 60°, 90°, 120°, 150°, 180°, 210°, 240°, 270°, 300°, 330°, 0°, 30°, 60° el.	P
	The SPD shall be energized at $U_c$ . The prospective short-circuit current of the power source shall comply with 8.3.4.2 during the application of groups of impulses. After the application of each group of impulses and after the interruption of the last follow current (if any) the SPD shall remain energized without interruption for at least 1 min to check for reignition. After the last group of impulses and the 1 min period the SPD either remains applied or is reapplied within less than 30s to $U_c$ for another 15 min to check for stability. For that purpose, the short-circuit capability of the power source (at $U_c$ ) may be reduced to 5A.	$U_c=420 V$	P
	When testing SPDs to class I, 8/20 current impulses with a crest corresponding to $I_{imp}$ shall be applied.		N/A
	When testing SPDs to class II, 8/20 current impulses with $I_n$ shall be applied.	see Annex 1	P
	Current records show no sign of puncture or flashover of the sample		P
8.3.4.5	Class III operating duty tests	Model:	
	The SPD is tested with three groups of impulses corresponding to $U_{oc}$ with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- five positive impulses initiated at crest value of positive half cycle (<math>\pm 5^\circ</math>)</li> <li>- five negative impulses initiated at crest value of positive half cycle (<math>\pm 5^\circ</math>)</li> <li>- five positive impulses initiated at crest value of positive half cycle (<math>\pm 5^\circ</math>)</li> </ul>		N/A
8.3.4.4	Additional duty test for test class I	Model:	
	This test is carried out with current impulses in steps up to $I_{imp}$ passing through the SPD. SPD energized at $U_c$ by a voltage source having a nominal current capability of 5A during the application of impulses.	$U_c = \_\_ V$	N/A





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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Current impulses of positive polarity shall be initiated in the corresponding positive crest value of the power frequency voltage source to the energized test sample as follows: a) One current impulse at 0,1 $I_{imp}$ b) One current impulse at 0,25 $I_{imp}$ c) One current impulse at 0,5 $I_{imp}$ d) One current impulse at 0,75 $I_{imp}$ e) One current impulse at 1,0 $I_{imp}$	___ kA ___ kA ___ kA ___ kA ___ kA	N/A
	After each impulse cool down to ambient temperature		N/A
8.3.4.6	Pass criteria	Model: TOSPO	
A	After the application of each impulse and after interruption of each follow current (if any) the SPD shall remain energized without interruption for at least 1 min to check for re-ignition. After that period the SPD either remains applied or is reapplied within less than 30s to $U_c$ for another 15 min to check for stability. For that purpose the short-circuit capability of the power source shall also be 5A.		P
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		P
C	No mechanical damage		P
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P = 2.0V$	
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	___ kA/___ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	14.968 kA/1.766 kV	P
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	___ kA/___ V	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$		N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		P
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage (<math>U_{REF}</math>).</p> <p>The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> <li>or</li> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	<p><math>U_{REF} = 255 \text{ V}</math></p> <p>0.0077 mA</p>	P
	<p>Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times <math>U_c</math> or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater.</p> <p>During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.</p>		N/A
	<p>For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at <math>U_c</math>.</p> <p>Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> <li>or</li> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>		N/A
F	External disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		P
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		P
7.2.5.2	Thermal protection	Model: TOSPO	
	SPDs shall be protected against overheating due to degradation or overstress		P
	This test is not performed on SPDs containing only switching components and/or ABD devices.		N/A
7.2.5.4	Status indicator	Model: TOSPO	

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The manufacturer shall provide information about the function of the indicator and the actions to be taken after change of status indication.		P
	A status indicator may be composed of two parts (one of which is not replaced when e.g. a plug module is changed), linked by a coupling mechanism which can be mechanical, optical, audio, electromagnetic, etc. The part of the status indicator which is not replaced (e.g. base part of socket) shall be capable of operating at least 50 times.		P
	Where there is an appropriate standard for the type of indication used, this shall be met by the non-replaced part of the status indicator, with the exception that the indicator need only be tested for 50 operations.		N/A
8.3.5.2	Thermal stability	Model: TOSPO	
	If different non-linear components connected in parallel, this test has to be performed for every current path of the SPD by disconnecting/interrupting all the remaining current path. If components of the same type and parameters are connected in parallel, they shall be tested as one current path.		N/A
	Any voltage switching component within the current path under test, which is connected in series with a voltage limiting component shall be short-circuited by a cooper dummy with a diameter such that it does not melt during the test.		N/A
	Test for SPDs containing only voltage limiting components - procedure a)		P
	Sample connected to power frequency source with a voltage high enough to drive a constant current, which is increased by the following steps – 2mA or 5% of the previously adjusted test current, whichever is greater – with a tolerance of ± 10%: <u>2</u> mA r.m.s. or corresponding crest value <u>4</u> mA r.m.s. or corresponding crest value <u>6</u> mA r.m.s. or corresponding crest value <u>8</u> mA r.m.s. or corresponding crest value <u>10</u> mA r.m.s. or corresponding crest value <u>12</u> mA r.m.s. or corresponding crest value <u>14</u> mA r.m.s. or corresponding crest value	duration 25.5 min 31.0 min 25.0 min 31.5 min 27.0 min 18.5 min 19.5 min (Disconnecter operated)	P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Each step is maintained until thermal equilibrium is reached – temperature variation < 2K within 10 min		P
	Surface temperature of the hottest spot and current through the SPD are monitored continuously		P
	Test interrupted if all non-linear components under test are disconnected. The voltage is not increased further in order to avoid any malfunction of the disconnectors.		N/A
	For the other two samples the starting point shall be changed from 2 mA to a current corresponding to 5 steps below the current value at which the first sample disconnected		P
	If the voltage across the SPD falls below $U_{REF}$ during the test, the current regulation is discontinued and the voltage is adjusted back to $U_{REF}$ and maintained for a duration of 15 min. Continuous current monitoring is no longer required. Source short-circuit current capability does not limit the current before any disconnector operates. The maximum available current value does not exceed the short circuit withstand capability declared by the manufacturer.	$U_{REF} = \_ \_ V$  $\_ \_ V$ $\_ \_ kA$ $\cos\phi =$	N/A
	Test for SPDs having a voltage switching component in series with other components – procedure b)		
	SPD energized with a power frequency source at $U_{REF}$ having a short-circuit current capability which will not limit the current before any disconnector operates. The maximum available current value does not exceed the short-circuit withstand capability declared by the manufacturer.		N/A
	If no significant current flows – test procedure a) shall be followed		N/A
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		P
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnector(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.		P
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.	420 V 0 mA	P
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.	0 mA	N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility		P
O	After completion of this test the samples shall be allowed to return to room temperature and be connected to a power source at $U_c$ for 2 hours. The residual current shall be monitored and not exceed the value measured at the beginning of the test by more than 10%.	420 V 0 mA	P
	In addition for indoor SPDs the surface temperature rise shall not exceed 120K during and after the test. 5 min. after disconnection of all non-linear components under test the surface temperature rise shall not exceed 80K.	Max: 98.4 K After 5 minutes: 74.5 K	P
7.3.4/8.4.3	Verification of air clearances and creepage distances	Model: TOSPO	
	SPDs for domestic and similar applications shall be designed for pollution degree 2.		P
	SPDs for more stringent environmental applications may require special precautions, e.g. an appropriate SPD housing or an additional enclosure, which will ensure pollution degree 2 for the SPD		N/A
	For SPDs for outdoor and out of reach applications pollution degree 4 applies. This may be reduced to pollution degree 3 for internal distances, if they are covered by an adequate housing ensuring pollution degree 3 conditions.		N/A
	The electrode spacing of spark gaps shall not be considered for the determination of air clearances and creepage distances.		P



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The air clearances and creepage distances shall not be smaller than the values indicated in Table 15 and Table 16, whereby Table 16 shall be applied to items 1), 2) and 3) according to Table 15.		P
	<p>Air clearances in millimetres</p> <p>1) Between live parts of different polarity</p> <p>2) Between live parts and            – screws and other means to fasten a covering, having to be detached for mounting the SPD            – fastening surfaces (note 2)            – screws or other means for fastening the SPD (note 2)            – bodies (notes 1 and 2)</p> <p>3) Between the metal parts of the disconnector mechanism and            – bodies (note 1)            – screws or other means for fastening the SPD</p> <p>NOTE 1 – Definition see 8.3.6 a)            NOTE 2 – If clearances between live parts of the device and the metallic screen or the surface on which the SPD is mounted are dependent on the design of the SPD only and cannot be reduced when the SPD is mounted in the least favourable position (even in a metallic enclosure), the values of lines 1 are sufficient.</p> <p>Creepage distances in millimetres</p> <p>– r.m.s. voltage            – Material group            – Pollution            – distances required</p> <p>Printed wiring material</p> <p>– r.m.s. voltage            – Material group            – Pollution            – distances required</p>	<p><math>U_{max}=2.182</math> kV            required / measured            3 / 13.99</p> <p>-- / --</p> <p>6 / 13.75</p> <p>6 / 13.75</p> <p>3 / 4.79</p> <p>3 / 8.21</p> <p>3 / 14.56</p> <p>420 V            IIIa            2            4.20 / 4.79</p> <p>___ /            ___ /            ___ /            ___ /</p>	<p>P</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>P</p> <p>P</p> <p>P</p> <p>P</p> <p>P</p> <p>P</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>N/A</p>
7.4.2/8.5.3	Ball pressure test	Model: TOSPO	
	Outer parts of SPDs, consist of insulating material, are submitted to a ball pressure test by means of a tester as shown on Figure 20 and 21.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Parts of insulating material necessary to retain current carrying parts and parts of the earthing circuit in position are tested in a heating cabinet at 125°C ± 2 K.		P
	Parts of insulating material not necessary to retain current carrying parts and parts of the earthing circuit in position, even though they are in contact with them, are tested at 70°C ± 2 K.		N/A
	The sample to be tested is fastened accordingly, its surface being positioned horizontally; a steel ball having a diameter of 5 mm is pressed against the surface with a force of 20 N.		P
	After 1 h, the steel ball is taken away from the sample; by dipping it into cold water, the temperature of the sample is reduced to ambient temperature within 10 s.		P
	Pass criteria		
	The diameter of the ball indentation is measured and shall not exceed 2 mm.	1.03 mm	P
7.4.3/8.5.4	Resistance to abnormal heat and fire	Model: TOSPO	
	Insulating parts of the housing shall be either non-flammable or self-extinguishing. The glow wire test is performed in accordance with Clauses 4 to 10 of IEC 60695-2-11 under the following conditions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>for external parts of SPDs made of insulating material necessary to retain in position current-carrying parts and parts of the protective circuit, by the test made at a temperature of 850 °C ± 15 K.</li> <li>for all other external parts made of insulating material, by the test made at a temperature of 650 °C ± 10 K.</li> </ul>	Module Box / Live part carrier / Base	P
	The test is not made on parts of ceramic material and parts with lower size than defined in 3.1 of IEC 60695-2-11.		N/A
	If the insulating parts are made of the same material, the test is carried out only on one of these parts, according to the appropriate glow-wire test temperature.		P
	The test is made on one sample		P
	In case of doubt, the test is repeated on two additional samples.		N/A
	The test is made by applying the glow-wire once.		P





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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The sample shall be positioned during the test in the least favourable position of its intended use (with the surface tested in a vertical position).		P
	The tip of the glow-wire shall be applied to the specified surface of the test sample taking into account the conditions of intended use under which a heated or glowing element may come into contact with the sample.		P
	Pass criteria		
	The sample is regarded as having passed the glow-wire test if <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• there is no visible flame and no sustained glowing</li> <li>or if,</li> <li>• flames and glowing parts on the sample extinguish themselves within 30 s after the removal of the glow-wire.</li> </ul>	0.6 s	P
	There shall be no ignition of the tissue paper or scorching of the pinewood board.		P
7.4.4/8.5.5	Tracking resistance	Model: TOSPO	
	The test is performed according to IEC 60112, solution A with a test voltage depending on the measured creepage distances and the required material group according to 8.3.4.	250 V	P
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 2:</b>		
7.2.3/8.3.3	Voltage protection level	Model: TOSPO	
	The measured limiting voltage of the SPDs shall not exceed the voltage protection level that is specified by the manufacturer.		P
	All one-port SPDs shall be tested unenergized.		P
	All two-port SPDs shall be tested energized for the tests according 8.3.3.1 and 8.3.3.3 by means of a voltage source having a nominal current of at least 5 A at $U_c$ . Positive impulses are applied at the $(90 \pm 5)^\circ$ point and negative impulses at $(270 \pm 5)^\circ$ point on the sinusoidal voltage waveform.		N/A
	For a one-port SPD having terminals, the test is performed without external disconnectors and the voltage is measured at the terminals. For a one-port SPD having connecting leads the voltage is measured with external lead lengths of 150mm. For a two-port SPD, and a one-port SPD having separate load terminals, the voltage for determining the measured limiting voltage is measured at the output/load port or load terminals of the SPD and the voltage for determining $U_{max}$ is measured at the input/line port or terminals of the SPD.		P
8.3.3.1	Residual voltage with 8/20 current impulses	Model: TOSPO	
	<p>Class I, 8/20 current impulses with a sequence of crest values of 0,1; 0,2; 0,5; 1,0 times the crest value of <math>I_{imp}</math> shall be applied.</p> <p>0,1 times <math>I_{imp}</math>            0,2 times <math>I_{imp}</math>            0,5 times <math>I_{imp}</math>            1,0 times <math>I_{imp}</math></p> <p>Class II, 8/20 current impulses with a sequence of crest values of 0,1; 0,2; 0,5; 1,0 times <math>I_n</math> shall be applied.</p> <p>0,1 times <math>I_n</math>            0,2 times <math>I_n</math>            0,5 times <math>I_n</math>            1,0 times <math>I_n</math></p> <p>If the SPD contains only voltage-limiting components, this test needs only to be performed at a crest values of <math>I_{imp}</math> for test class I or <math>I_n</math> for test class II.</p>	<p>___ kA/___ V            ___ kA/___ V            ___ kA/___ V            -15.289 kA / -1.575 kV</p>	P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	One sequence of positive polarity and one sequence of negative polarity are applied to the SPD		P
	When $I_{max}$ is declared by the manufacturer an additional 8/20 current impulse with a crest value of $I_{max}$ shall be applied and the polarity that showed higher residual voltages in the previous tests.	-40.145 kA / -2.182 kV	P
	The interval between individual impulses shall be long enough for the sample to cool down to ambient temperature.		P
	Current and voltage oscillogram	see Annex 2	P
	Crest values – discharge current versus residual voltage diagram to $I_n$ or $I_{imp}$		N/A
	The residual voltage used for determining the measured limiting voltage is the highest voltage value corresponding to the range of currents for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• class I: up to <math>I_{imp}</math></li> <li>• class II: up to <math>I_n</math></li> </ul>	1.575 kV	P
	The value for determining $U_{max}$ is the highest residual voltage measured at surge currents up to $I_n$ , $I_{max}$ or $I_{imp}$ , as applicable depending on the SPD test class.	2.182 kV	P
8.3.3.2	Front-of-wave sparkover voltage	Model:	
	The 1,2/50 voltage impulse is used. The generator is set to an open circuit output voltage of 6 kV.		N/A
	10 impulses are applied to the SPD, five of positive and five of negative polarity.		N/A
	The interval between individual impulses shall be long enough for the sample to cool down to ambient temperature.		N/A
	If sparkover is not observed during each of the 10 impulses on the front of wave, then the above procedure are repeated with the generator output voltage increased up to a maximum 10 kV.		N/A
	Voltage oscillograms		N/A
	The value for determining the measured limiting voltage and $U_{max}$ is the maximum sparkover voltage recorded during this test.		N/A
8.3.3.3	Limiting voltage with the combination wave	Model:	
	To perform this test a combination wave generator is used. The interval between the individual impulses shall be long enough for the sample to cool down to ambient temperature.		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>The voltage of the combination wave generator is set to provide an open-circuit voltage of 0,1; 0,2; 0,5; 1,0 times the <math>U_{oc}</math>.                      If the SPD only contains voltage-limiting components this test needs to be carried out at <math>U_{oc}</math> only.</p> <p>0,1 times <math>U_{oc}</math>                                 ___ kV                                 ___ kA/___ V                      0,2 times <math>U_{oc}</math>                                 ___ kV                                 ___ kA/___ V                      0,5 times <math>U_{oc}</math>                                 ___ kV                                 ___ kA/___ V                      1,0 times <math>U_{oc}</math>                                 ___ kV                                 ___ kA/___ V</p>		N/A
	With these generator settings four surges will be applied to the SPD at each amplitude: two with positive and two with negative polarity.		N/A
	Current-voltage oscillograms; voltage at the output port of the SPD	see Annex 2	N/A
	The value for determining the measured limiting voltage and $U_{max}$ is the maximum voltage recorded during the test.	___ V	N/A
8.3.3.4	Pass criteria for all measured limiting voltage tests	Model: TOSPO	
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		P
C	No mechanical damage		P
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		P
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility		P
7.6.2.2/8.7.3	Load-side surge withstand capability	Model:	
	<p>For this test:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 15 current impulses 8/20</li> </ul> <p>or,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 15 combination wave impulses with an open-circuit voltage <math>U_{oc}</math> with a value equal to the load-side surge withstand capability declared by the manufacturer are applied in three groups of five impulses to the output port of the test sample. The SPD is energized at <math>U_c</math> by means of a voltage source having a nominal current of at least 5 A. Each impulse shall be synchronized to the power frequency. Starting from <math>0^\circ</math> the synchronization angle shall be increased in steps of <math>(30 \pm 5)^\circ</math>.</li> </ul>		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The interval between the impulses is 50 s to 60 s and the interval between the groups is 30 min to 35 min.		N/A
	The test sample shall be energized during the whole test sequence. The voltage on the output terminals shall be recorded.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
A	Thermal stability shall be achieved		N/A
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		N/A
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	$\_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	$\_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	$\_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	$\_ \_ \text{ kV}$	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$ test voltage $\_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) • shall not exceed a value of 1 mA or • the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
F	External disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 2a: Additional tests if declared by the manufacturer</b>		
7.6.2.2/8.7.3	Load-side surge withstand capability	Model:	
	For this test: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 15 current impulses 8/20</li> </ul> or, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 15 combination wave impulses with an open-circuit voltage <math>U_{oc}</math> with a value equal to the load-side surge withstand capability declared by the manufacturer are applied in three groups of five impulses to the output port of the test sample. The SPD is energized at <math>U_c</math> by means of a voltage source having a nominal current of at least 5 A. Each impulse shall be synchronized to the power frequency. Starting from <math>0^\circ</math> the synchronization angle shall be increased in steps of <math>(30 \pm 5)^\circ</math>.</li> </ul>		N/A
	The interval between the impulses is 50 s to 60 s and the interval between the groups is 30 min to 35 min.		N/A
	The test sample shall be energized during the whole test sequence. The voltage on the output terminals shall be recorded.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
A	Thermal stability shall be achieved		N/A
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		N/A
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq \_\_ V$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	$\_\_ kA / \_\_ V$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	$\_\_ kA / \_\_ V$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	$\_\_ kA / \_\_ V$	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	$\_\_ kV$	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A





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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$ test voltage $\_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
F	External disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 2b: Additional tests for two-port SPDs and one port-SPDs with separate input / output terminals</b>		
7.5.1.3	Load-side short-circuit current behaviour	Model:	
	The SPD shall be able to carry the currents caused by a power short-circuit on the load side until it is interrupted either by the SPD itself or by an internal or external disconnecter.		N/A
8.6.1.3	This test applies to all SPDs, except those classified for outdoor use and mounted out of reach and those connected N-PE for use in TN and/or TT systems only.		N/A
	The test settings and the test procedure according to 8.3.5.3 (excluding 8.3.5.3.1) are repeated without short-circuiting any components, but with a short-circuit link connected to the following output terminals of the SPD as applicable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• short-circuit link across all phase terminals and the neutral terminal (if applicable) on the load side</li> <li>• short-circuit link across all terminals on the load side, with a conductors of the largest cross-section specified under 8.4.2 and with a length of 500 mm each.</li> </ul>		N/A
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (measured at the crest of the sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> <li>or</li> <li>• the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.	$U_c = \_\_ V$ test voltage $\_\_ V$	N/A
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) • shall not exceed a value of 1 mA or • the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence	$U_c = \_\_ V$  $I_{PE} = \_\_ mA$	N/A
	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) • shall not exceed a value of 1 mA or • the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence	$U_{REF} = \_\_ V$	N/A
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.	$U_c = \_\_ V$ test voltage $\_\_ V$	N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (measured at the crest of the sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_c = \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnector(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.	$\_ \text{ V}$  $\_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.	$\_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
N	There shall be no flashover to the metallic screen and the 6 A gL/gG fuse connecting the screen shall not operate during the test.		N/A
	a) Internal disconnector(s) have operated:		
	After removing the short-circuit links from output terminals and with $U_{REF}$ applied according to the circuit shown in Figure 22, there shall be no voltage on the output terminals.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	With a power frequency voltage equal to two times $U_c$ applied between all corresponding input and output phase terminals for 1 min there shall be no current flow in excess of 0,5 mA.		N/A
	b) No internal disconnecter has operated:		
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	$\_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	$\_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	$\_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	$\_ \_ \text{ kV}$	N/A
7.2.6/8.3.6	Insulation resistance	Model: TOSPO	
	The insulation resistance of the SPD shall be sufficient with respect to leakage currents and protection against direct contact. This test is not applicable to SPDs having a metallic enclosure connected to protective earth.		P
	Additional entry holes for cables, if there are any, are left open. If there are any knockouts, one of them is opened. Coverings and other parts which are detachable without tools, are removed and undergo the same moisture treatment.		N/A
	The moisture treatment is carried out in a humidity cabinet at a relative humidity of $93\% \pm 3\%$ RH. The air temperature is kept at all points, where the test sample can be positioned, within $\pm 2 \text{ K}$ at a suitable temperature T between $20^\circ\text{C}$ and $30^\circ\text{C}$ . Before putting the test samples into the humidity cabinet, they shall have a temperature between T and (T+4) in $^\circ\text{C}$ .		P
	The samples shall be kept in the humidity cabinet for 2 days (48 h).		P
	After a delay of between 30 min and 60 min following the humidity treatment, the insulation resistance is measured 60 s after having applied a d.c. voltage of 500 V.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>This measurement is carried out in the humidity cabinet or in the room into which the specimens were brought to reach the determined temperature, after having refitted the parts which might have been detached.</p> <p>a) between all interconnected live parts and the SPDs body accessible to accidental contact. The express "body" in the sense of this test means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all touchable metal parts and a metal foil on surfaces of insulating material, which are touchable after installation as for normal use,</li> <li>• the surface on which the SPD is mounted, if necessary covered with metal foil,</li> <li>• screws and other facilities for fastening the SPD on its support</li> </ul> <p>Fore these measurements, the metal foil is put on in such a way, that perhaps existing casting mass is effectively tested.</p> <p>Protective components connected to PE may be disconnected for this test</p> <p>b) between the live parts of the SPD main circuit and live parts of separate isolated circuits, if there are any.</p>	Between enclosure and live parts	P
	Pass criteria		
	<p>The insulation resistance shall not be lower than</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 MΩ for the measurements according to a),</li> <li>• 2 MΩ for the measurements according to b).</li> </ul>	<p>&gt;100 MΩ</p> <p>__ MΩ</p>	<p>P</p> <p>N/A</p>
7.2.7/8.3.7	Dielectric withstand	Model: TOSPO	
	The dielectric withstand of the SPD shall be sufficient with respect to insulation breakdown and protection against direct contact.		P
	SPDs classified for outdoor use are tested between the terminals with the internal parts removed. During this test, the SPD is subjected to sprinkling according to 9.1 of IEC 60060-1.		N/A
	SPDs classified for indoor are tested as indicated in a) and b) of 8.3.6.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>SPDs are tested with an a.c. voltage according to Table 9. Starting with not more than half the required a.c. voltage, this voltage is increased to the full value within 30 s which is maintained for 1 min.</p> <p>a) between all interconnected live parts and the SPDs body accessible to accidental contact. The express "body" in the sense of this test means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all touchable metal parts and a metal foil on surfaces of insulating material, which are touchable after installation as for normal use,</li> <li>• the surface on which the SPD is mounted, if necessary covered with metal foil,</li> <li>• screws and other facilities for fastening the SPD on its support</li> </ul> <p>Fore these measurements, the metal foil is put on in such a way, that perhaps existing casting mass is effectively tested.</p> <p>Protective components connected to PE may be disconnected for this test.</p> <p>b) between the live parts of the SPD main circuit and live parts of separate isolated circuits, if there are any.</p>	2.2 kV	P
	Pass criteria		
	Arcing or puncturing shall not occur, however, partial discharges are accepted if the voltage change the discharge is less than 5%.		P
	The power transformer used for testing shall be designed in such a way that after having been adjusted to the test voltage at its open terminals it will generate a short-circuit current of at least 200 mA after short-circuiting the terminals. An overcurrent relay, if any, shall only react if the test circuit current exceeds 100 mA. The device for measuring the test voltage shall have a precision of $\pm 3\%$ .		P
7.3.5/8.4.4	Mechanical strength	Model: TOSPO	
	All parts of the SPD relating to the protection against direct contact shall have sufficient mechanical strength.		P
	The samples are subjected to strikes by means of an impact-test apparatus as shown in Figure 18 and Figure 19.		P



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict						
	Samples are mounted on a sheet of plywood, 8 mm thick and 175 mm square, secured at its top and bottom edges to a ridged bracket.		P						
	Portable SPDs are tested as fixed SPDs, but they are fixed to the plywood sheet by auxiliary means.		N/A						
	Flush-type SPDs are mounted in a recess provided in a block of hornbeam or material having similar mechanical characteristics, which is fixed to a sheet of plywood. (They are not tested in their relevant mounting boxes.)		N/A						
	If wood is used for the block, the direction of the wood fibres shall be perpendicular to the direction of the impact.		P						
	Flush-type screw fixing SPDs shall be fixed by means of screws to lugs recessed in the block.		N/A						
	Flush-type claw fixing SPDs shall be fixed to the block by means of the claws.		N/A						
	Before applying the strikes, fixing screw of bases and covers are tightened with a torque equal to two-thirds of that specified in Table 10.	__ Nm	N/A						
	<p>The samples are mounted so that the point of impact lies in the vertical plane through the axis of the pivot.</p> <p>The striking element is allowed to fall from a height which is specified in the following Table 18:</p> <table style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>parts A and B</td> <td style="text-align: right;">h = 100 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>parts C</td> <td style="text-align: right;">h = 150 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>parts D</td> <td style="text-align: right;">h = 200 mm</td> </tr> </table> <p>A: parts on the front surface, including parts which are recessed.</p> <p>B: Parts which do not project more than 15 mm from the mounting surface (distance from the wall) after mounting as in normal use, with the exception of the above parts A.</p> <p>C: Parts which project more than 15 mm and not more than 25 mm from the mounting surface (distance from the wall) after mounting as in normal use, with the exception of the above parts A.</p> <p>D: Parts which project more than 25 mm from the mounting surface (distance from the wall) after mounting as in normal use, with the exception of the above parts A.</p>	parts A and B	h = 100 mm	parts C	h = 150 mm	parts D	h = 200 mm		P
parts A and B	h = 100 mm								
parts C	h = 150 mm								
parts D	h = 200 mm								
	The heights of the fall determined by the part of the sample which projects most from the mounting surface is applied on all parts of the sample, with the exception of parts A		P						

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The samples are subjected to strikes which are evenly distributed over the samples. The strikes are not applied to “knock-out” areas.		P
	The following blows are applied: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for parts A, five strikes: one in the centre. After the sample has been moved horizontally: one each on the unfavourable points between the centre and the edges; and then, after the sample has been turned 90° about its axis perpendicular to the plywood, one each on similar points;</li> <li>• for parts B (as far as applicable), C and D, four blows:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>one on one side of the sample of the sample after the plywood sheet has been turned 60° and one blow on another side of the sample after it has been turned 90° about its axis perpendicular to the plywood sheet, keeping the position of the plywood sheet unchanged;</li> <li>one blow on each of the other two sides of the sample, with the plywood sheet turned 60° in the opposite direction.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		P
	Pass criteria		
	After the test, the sample shows no damage within the meaning of the standard. In particular, live parts have not become accessible with the standard test finger.		P
	Damage to the finish small dents which do not reduce creepage distances or clearances and small chips which do not adversely affect the protection against electric shock or harmful ingress of water are neglected		P
	Cracks not visible with the normal or corrected vision, without additional magnification, and surface cracks in fibre reinforced mouldings and the like are ignored.		P
7.2.5/8.3.5.1	Temperature withstand	Model: TOSPO	
	The SPD is kept in a heated cabinet at an ambient temperature of 80 °C ± 5 K for 24 h.		P
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		P
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		P

Remarks: /



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 3a: Additional tests for SPDs with separate isolated circuits</b>		
7.5.3	SPDs with separate isolated circuits	Model:	
	Where a SPD includes a circuit that is electrically isolated from the main circuit, the manufacturer shall provide information about the isolation and dielectric withstand voltages between the circuits as well as the relevant standards that the manufacturer is claiming conformity with		N/A
	Where there are more than two circuits, declarations shall be made with regard to each combination of circuits.		N/A
8.3.6	Insulation resistance	Model:	
	The moisture treatment is carried out in a humidity cabinet at a relative humidity of 93% ± 3% RH. The air temperature is kept at all points, where the test sample can be positioned, within ± 2 K at a suitable temperature T between 20°C and 30°C. Before putting the test samples into the humidity cabinet, they shall have a temperature between T and (T+4) in °C.		N/A
	The samples shall be kept in the humidity cabinet for 2 days (48 h).		N/A
	After a delay of between 30 min and 60 min following the humidity treatment, the insulation resistance is measured 60 s after having applied a d.c. voltage of 500 V.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>This measurement is carried out in the humidity cabinet or in the room into which the specimens were brought to reach the determined temperature, after having refitted the parts which might have been detached.</p> <p>a) between all interconnected live parts and the SPDs body accessible to accidental contact. The express "body" in the sense of this test means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all touchable metal parts and a metal foil on surfaces of insulating material, which are touchable after installation as for normal use,</li> <li>• the surface on which the SPD is mounted, if necessary covered with metal foil,</li> <li>• screws and other facilities for fastening the SPD on its support</li> </ul> <p>Fore these measurements, the metal foil is put on in such a way, that perhaps existing casting mass is effectively tested.</p> <p>Protective components connected to PE may be disconnected for this test</p> <p>b) between the live parts of the SPD main circuit and live parts of separate isolated circuits, if there are any.</p>		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	<p>The insulation resistance shall not be lower than</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 MΩ for the measurements according to a),</li> <li>• 2 MΩ for the measurements according to b).</li> </ul>	<p>__ MΩ</p> <p>__ MΩ</p>	N/A
8.3.7	Dielectric withstand	Model:	
	SPDs classified for indoor are tested as indicated in a) and b) of 8.3.6.		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>SPDs are tested with an a.c. voltage according to Table 9. Starting with not more than half the required a.c. voltage, this voltage is increased to the full value within 30 s which is maintained for 1 min.</p> <p>a) between all interconnected live parts and the SPDs body accessible to accidental contact. The express "body" in the sense of this test means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all touchable metal parts and a metal foil on surfaces of insulating material, which are touchable after installation as for normal use,</li> <li>• the surface on which the SPD is mounted, if necessary covered with metal foil,</li> <li>• screws and other facilities for fastening the SPD on its support</li> </ul> <p>Fore these measurements, the metal foil is put on in such a way, that perhaps existing casting mass is effectively tested.</p> <p>Protective components connected to PE may be disconnected for this test.</p> <p>b) between the live parts of the SPD main circuit and live parts of separate isolated circuits, if there are any.</p>		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	Arcing or puncturing shall not occur, however, partial discharges are accepted if the voltage change the discharge is less than 5%.		N/A
	The power transformer used for testing shall be designed in such a way that after having been adjusted to the test voltage at its open terminals it will generate a short-circuit current of at least 200 mA after short-circuiting the terminals. An overcurrent relay, if any, shall only react if the test circuit current exceeds 100 mA. The device for measuring the test voltage shall have a precision of $\pm 3\%$ .		N/A
Remark: /			



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 3b: Additional tests if declared by the manufacturer</b>		
7.6.2.1/8.7.2	Test to determine the voltage drop (two port SPDs)	Model:	
	UC supplied at the input port SPD loaded with rated load current into a resistive load Input and output voltage measured simultaneously to determine the percentage voltage regulation $\Delta U\% = ((U_{in} - U_{out}) / U_{in}) * 100\%$	— V — A  — %	N/A
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
Remarks: /			



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
7.5.1.1/8.6.1.1	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 3c: Additional tests for two-port SPDs with separate input / output terminals</b>		
	Rated load current ( $I_L$ )	Model:	
	The SPD shall be powered at a voltage $U_C +0/-5\%$ at ambient temperature, using a cable with a nominal cross-section as specified in Table 19. The test shall be conducted with rated load current into a resistive load until thermal stability is reached. Additional cooling of the SPD is not permitted.	<p style="text-align: center;">__ V</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ A</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ mm<sup>2</sup></p>	N/A
	Pass criteria		
	Value complies with the manufacturers		N/A
	External disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
	The temperature rise of surfaces which are accessible in normal use shall not exceed the values described in Annex G during the test. Parts of SPD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Built-in components</li> <li>• Terminals for external insulated conductors</li> <li>• Busbars and conductors, plug-in contacts of removable or withdrawable parts which connect to busbars</li> <li>• Manual operating means of metal</li> <li>• Manual operating means of insulating material</li> <li>• Accessible external enclosures and covers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-metal surfaces</li> <li>-insulating surfaces</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Discrete arrangements of plug and socket-type connections</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;">Temperature rise: required / measured</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ K/ __ K</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ K/ __ K</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ K/ __ K</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ K/ __ K</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ K/ __ K</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ K/ __ K</p> <p style="text-align: center;">__ K/ __ K</p>	N/A
7.5.1.2	Overload behaviour	Model:	
	The SPD shall be damaged or altered by overloads, which may occur in normal use.		N/A
8.6.1.2	Overload behaviour	Model:	
	The test is carried out at ambient temperature and the sample shall be protected against abnormal external heating or cooling.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The test is carried out at ambient temperature and the sample shall be protected against abnormal external heating or cooling.		N/A
	The test circuit and procedure shall be as described in 8.6.1.1, except that circuits other than the main circuit are disregarded for this test.		N/A
	The test is performed without any external disconnectors being connected (internal removable overcurrent protective devices are replaced by a link of negligible impedance).		N/A
	If a maximum overcurrent protection is specified by the manufacturer, the SPD shall be loaded for 1 h with a current equal to k times that maximum overcurrent protection. The factor k shall be selected from Table 20.	$k =$ $I = \_ \_ A$	N/A
	If no maximum overcurrent protection is specified by the manufacturer, the SPD shall be loaded with 1,1 times the rated load current for 1 h or until an internal disconnector operates. If no disconnector operates within 1 h, the test is continued by increasing the previous value of test current by a factor of 1,1 every hour, until an internal disconnector operates.	$\_ \_ A$  $1h \rightarrow \_ \_ A$  $1h \rightarrow \_ \_ A$	N/A
	Pass criteria		
	The temperature rise of surfaces which are accessible in normal use shall not exceed the values described in Annex G during the test. Parts of SPD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Built-in SPD</li> <li>• Terminals for external insulated conductors</li> <li>• Busbars and conductors, plug-in contacts of removable or withdrawable parts which connect to busbars</li> <li>• Manual operating means of metal</li> <li>• Manual operating means of insulating material</li> <li>• Accessible external enclosures and covers               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-metal surfaces</li> <li>-insulating surfaces</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Discrete arrangements of plug and socket-type connections</li> </ul>	Temperature rise: required / measured $\_ \_ K / \_ \_ K$  $\_ \_ K / \_ \_ K$  $\_ \_ K / \_ \_ K$ $\_ \_ K / \_ \_ K$  $\_ \_ K / \_ \_ K$ $\_ \_ K / \_ \_ K$  $\_ \_ K / \_ \_ K$	N/A
	a) Any internal disconnector has operated:		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnector(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.	__ V __ mA	N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.	__ mA	N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
	b) No internal disconnector has operated:		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq$ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	__ kV	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage (<math>U_{REF}</math>).</p> <p>The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	<p>Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times <math>U_c</math> or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater.</p> <p>During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.</p>	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$ test voltage $\_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	<p>For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at <math>U_c</math>.</p> <p>Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
I	<p>SPDs having an IP degree <math>\geq</math> IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.</p>		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 4</b>		
7.4.2/8.5.2	Heat resistance	Model: TOSPO	
	The SPD is kept in a heated cabinet at a temperature of 100 °C ± 2 K for the duration of 1 h.		P
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		P
I	SPDs having an IP degree ≥ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		P
	Any sealing compound (including potting) used in the internal assembly shall not move to such an extent as to create a problem for the functionality of the SPD.		N/A
	The SPD is deemed to have passed the test even if a disconnecter has opened.	No disconnecter opened	N/A
7.2.8	Behaviour under temporary overvoltages	Model: TOSPO	
	SPDs for TT-systems between neutral and PE upstream the main RCD shall pass the TOV withstand mode criteria given 8.3.8.2.		N/A
7.2.8.1/8.3.8.1	TOVs caused by faults or disturbances in the low voltage system	Model: TOSPO	
	For SPDs with a $U_c$ greater than or equal to $U_T$ there is no need to perform this test	$U_c = 275 \text{ V}$	N/A
	SPDs shall be tested using either the <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TOV voltages <math>U_T</math> given in the relevant tables of Annex B,</li> <li>or,</li> <li>• TOV voltages stated by the manufacturer according to 7.1.1 c1), whichever values are higher.</li> </ul>	$U_T = 442 \text{ V}, 120 \text{ min}$	P
	Table B.1 shall be applied to all SPDs Depending on the information given by the manufacturer on 7.1.1 c1), the additional tables according to Clause B.1 of Annex B shall also be applied. For North American systems – Table B.2 For Japanese systems – Table B.3		P
	The test sample shall be connected to a power frequency voltage of $U_T^{+0/-5} \%$ for a duration $t_T^{+5/-0} \%$ .		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Except for loss of neutral tests, this power source for $U_T$ , shall be capable of delivering a current high enough to ensure that the voltage at the SPD terminals does not fall below $U_T$ by more than 5 % during the test. For loss of neutral tests this voltage source shall be capable of delivering a prospective short-circuit current of 10A.		P
	Immediately following the application of $U_T$ , a voltage equal to $U_{REF} +0/-5$ % with the same current capability, shall be applied to the test sample for a period of 15 min $+5/-0$ %.	$U_{REF}=255$ V	P
	For loss of neutral tests, this power source for $U_{REF}$ shall be capable of delivering a prospective short-circuit current equal to the declared short-circuit current rating of the SPD.	300 A	P
	The time interval between the test periods shall be as short as possible and shall in any case not exceed 100 ms.		P
a)	Pass criteria TOV failure mode		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnectors. Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_C$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.		N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.		N/A
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnectors.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
L	The tissue paper shall not catch fire.		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
b)	Pass criteria TOV withstand mode	( $t_T = 120\text{min}$ )	
A	Thermal stability shall be achieved		P
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		P
C	No mechanical damage		P
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P = 2.0\text{ kV}$	
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	-14.926 kA / -1.660 kV	P
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF}=255\text{ V}$ Max. 0.0045 mA	P
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>		N/A
F	External disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		P
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		P
L	The tissue paper shall not catch fire.		P
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		P
7.2.8.2/8.3.8.2	TOVs caused by faults in the high (medium) voltage system	Model:	
	SPDs connected to PE and for use on power distribution systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TOV voltages <math>U_T</math> given in Annex B</li> <li>or,</li> <li>• TOV voltages stated by the manufacturer according to 7.1.1 c1) whichever values are higher.</li> </ul>		N/A
	Table B.1 shall be applied to all SPDs Depending on the information given by the manufacturer on 7.1.1 c1), the additional tables according to Clause B.1 of Annex B shall also be applied.		N/A
	New samples shall be used and fitted as in normal use, according to the manufacturer's instructions, and connected to a test circuit according to Figure 16 or equivalent		N/A
	The test voltage $U_T^{+0/-5\%}$ is applied to the test sample at 90 electrical degrees of phase L1 by closing switch S1.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	After the TOV application time $t_r$ $\pm 0.5\%$ switch S2 is closed automatically. This connects the SPD's PE-terminal to the neutral.		N/A
	Test circuit according to Figure 16 and Figure 17 or, alternative test circuit given in Annex E. Other test circuits are permitted as long as they ensure the same stress to the SPD.		N/A
	The prospective short-circuit current of the power source for $U_{REF}$ shall be equal to five times the rated current of the maximum overcurrent protection is declared. The tolerance for the current is $\pm 10/0\%$ .		N/A
	The prospective short-circuit current delivered by the TOV transformer shall be adjusted to 300A $\pm 10/0\%$ by R2.		N/A
	With the exception of SPDs connected neutral to ground, $U_{REF}$ remains applied to the test sample for 15 min without interruption until switch S1 is reopened.		N/A
a)	Pass criteria TOV failure mode		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnector(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.		N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).		N/A
L	The tissue paper shall not catch fire.		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
b)	Pass criteria TOV withstand mode		
A	Thermal stability shall be achieved		N/A
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		N/A
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:		
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$		N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) • shall not exceed a value of 1 mA or • the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.		N/A
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> <li>or</li> <li>• the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>		N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).		N/A
L	The tissue paper shall not catch fire.		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 5</b>		
7.2.5.3	Short-circuit current behaviour	Model: TOSPO	
8.3.5.3	<p>This test is not applied to SPDs which are either</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• classified for outdoor use and for mounting out of reach,</li> <li>• for connection N-PE in TN and/or TT systems only</li> </ul> <p>The test sample shall be mounted in accordance with the manufacturer's published recommendations and connected with conductors of the maximum cross section according to 8.4.2, keeping the cables connecting the sample to a maximum length of 0,5 m each.</p>		P
	Sample preparation		
	For SPDs with non-linear components connected in parallel, separate sets of three samples shall be prepared in the manner below for every current path of the SPD which contains one or more non-linear component in 3.1.4 and 3.1.5.		N/A
	<p>Current paths containing voltage switching components with combined disconnecter function, having an impulse withstand voltage equal or greater than 6 kV and a dielectric withstand equal or greater than 2500 V/50 Hz for 1 min in normal operating condition, are tested without any preparation and only in conjunction with other current paths prepared in the manner described below.</p> <p>Voltage limiting components and voltage switching components described in 3.1.4 and 3.1.5 shall be replaced by appropriate copper blocks (dummies) ensuring that the internal connections and their cross-section and surrounding material (e.g. resins) and packaging are not changed.</p>		P
	a) Test at the declared short-circuit current rating		
	The sample is connected to a power frequency source at $U_{REF}$ . The prospective short-circuit current as declared by the manufacturer and with the corresponding power factor as given in Table 8 are adjusted at the SPD terminals.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The test is carried out twice with $U_{REF}$ applied once at $(45 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees and once at $(90 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees after the zero crossing of the voltage.		N/A
	If a replaceable or resettable internal or external disconnector operates, the relevant disconnector shall be replaced or reset each time. If the disconnector cannot be replaced or reset, the test is stopped.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnector(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.	Internal disconnector operated	N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.		N/A
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
N	There shall be no flashover to the metallic screen and the 6 A gL/gG fuse connecting the screen shall not operate during the test.		N/A
	b) Test at low short-circuit current		



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	A power frequency source at $U_{REF}$ , having a prospective short-circuit current of five times the rated current of the maximum overcurrent protection (if declared by the manufacturer), and a power factor according to Table 8, shall be applied for $5\text{ s} \pm 0,5\text{ s}$ . If no external overcurrent protection is required by the manufacturer, a prospective short-circuit current of 300 A is used.	245.93 V 310.52 A $\cos\phi=0.941$	P
	The test is carried out once with $U_{REF}$ applied at $(45 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees after the zero crossing of the voltage.		P
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		P
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		P
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		P
N	There shall be no flashover to the metallic screen and the 6 A gL/gG fuse connecting the screen shall not operate during the test.		P
	If disconnection occurs during the test:		
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnecter(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.	The indicator window displays red, Internal disconnector operated	P
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.	275 V 0 mA	P
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		P
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.	0 mA	P
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).		P
8.3.5.3.2	Additional test for SPD's failure mode simulation	Model: TOSPO	



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	For this test any electronic indicator circuitry may be disconnected.		N/A
	New samples shall be used and fitted as in normal use, acc. to the manufacturer's instructions and connected with conductors of the maximum cross section acc. to 8.4.2. The maximum length of the cables connection the sample shall be of 0,5 m each.		P
	External disconnectors, if recommended by the manufacturer, shall be used.		N/A
	The test sample shall be connected to a power frequency voltage source at the following conditioning voltages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For all types of SPDs with <math>U_C</math> up to 180 V, the conditioning voltage may be reduced to 600 V, if for voltage switching type SPDs and for combination type SPDs, any voltage switching components operate at this voltage.</li> <li>• SPDs rated <math>U_C</math> up to 440V, apply a voltage equal to 1200 Vrms <math>+5/-0\%</math></li> <li>• SPDs with <math>U_C</math> rated above 440V, apply a voltage equal to 3 times <math>U_C</math> <math>+5/-0\%</math></li> </ul>	1200 V	P
	For all types of SPDs with $U_C$ up to 180V, the conditioning voltage may be reduced to 600V if for voltage switching type SPDs and for combination type SPDs, any voltage switching components operate at this voltage.		P
	The conditioning voltage is applied for a duration of 5 s $+5/-0\%$ . The prospective short-circuit current of this power source for conditioning shall be adjusted to a value between 1 A and 20 Arms $+5/-0\%$ , as provided by the manufacturer according to 7.1.1 d5).	1 A	P
	Following the application of the conditioning voltage equal to $U_{REF} +0/-5\%$ with a short-circuit current capability as given below, shall be applied to the sample for a period of 5 min $+5/-0\%$ or for at least 0,5 s after interruption of the current by an internal or external disconnecter.		P
	The transition from conditioning voltage application to $U_{REF}$ application shall be performed without interruption. The current flow through the SPD shall be monitored. An appropriate test circuit and timing diagram is shown in Figure 12 and Figure 13.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The prospective short-circuit current of the power source at $U_{REF}$ shall have a tolerance of +5/-0% at the location where the SPD is connected. The power factor of the power source shall comply with Table 8.		P
	Each of the following tests shall be performed on a new set of three preconditioned samples as above at $U_{REF}$ with a short-circuit current of 100A, 500A and 1000A, respectively, unless these values exceed the declared short-circuit rating of the SPD.	100 A	P
	A further test shall be performed on three preconditioned samples as above and at $U_{REF}$ with a prospective short-circuit current equal to the manufacturer's declared short-circuit current rating. For this test, the time interval between the completion of the conditioning test and the application of $U_{REF}$ shall be as short as possible and shall not exceed 100 ms.		N/A
	If all measurements of the tests on the first set of samples (100 A test set up): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• either show a disconnection within 5 s during the application of the conditioning voltage or</li> <li>• the current through the sample during the application of <math>U_{REF}</math> after conditioning does not exceed a value of 1 mA,</li> <li>or</li> <li>• the current through the sample during the application of <math>U_{REF}</math> after conditioning does not exceed the initial value determined at <math>U_{REF}</math> before the test by more than 20 %</li> </ul> no further test is performed.		P  N/A  N/A
	Pass criteria		
	For this test any damage to electronic indicator circuitry during the conditioning test is not regarded as a failure.		N/A
C	No mechanical damage		P
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		P
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
N	There shall be no flashover to the metallic screen and the 6 A gL/gG fuse connecting the screen shall not operate during the test.		P
	If disconnection occurs during the test:		
	Additional pass criteria except for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• short circuiting type SPDs</li> <li>• SPDs where the current is interrupted or no significant current flows during the application of <math>U_{REF}</math>.</li> </ul> where no disconnection occurs.	No significant current flows during the application of $U_{REF}$	N/A
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnectors. Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_C$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.		N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 6: Additional tests if declared by the manufacturer</b>		
7.6.1.1/8.7.1	Total discharge current test for multipole SPDs	Model:	
	One side of the test generator is connected to the PE or PEN terminal of the multipole SPD. Each of the remaining SPD terminals is connected via a typical series impedance consisting of a resistance of 30 mΩ and an inductance of 25 μH, to the other side of the generator. Smaller impedances may be used if the tolerances for the proportional surge currents according to Table 21 are met		N/A
	The multipole SPD shall be tested once with the total discharge current $I_{Total}$ declared by the manufacturer.	__ kA	N/A
	Pass criteria		N/A
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		N/A
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	__ kV	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage (<math>U_{REF}</math>).</p> <p>The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	<p>Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times <math>U_c</math> or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater.</p> <p>During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.</p>	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$ test voltage $\_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	<p>For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at <math>U_c</math>.</p> <p>Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
7.6.1.3	Vibration and shock (informative)	Model:	

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Vibration and shock tests shall be performed according to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EN 60068-2-6 for sinusoidal vibration test</li> <li>EN 60068-2-64 for broadband random vibration test</li> <li>EN 60068-2-27 for shock test</li> </ul>		N/A
ZB-2.2	Transportation	Model:	
	Usually SPDs within their packaging are subjected to mechanical stress due to transportation. This should be checked by a vibration and shock test in accordance with EN 60721-3-2		N/A
ZB.2.3	Special applications	Model:	
	Special applications of SPDs may require additional vibration and shock tests, on the device itself. Typical values can be found in EN 60721-3-3 and can be as shown in Table ZB.1.		N/A
	Furthermore other applications like railway may require different parameters that are given in corresponding standards or directly from application. For instance required parameters for railway vibration and shock tests are given in EN 61373.		N/A
	During the sinusoidal and random vibration tests (if requested), the sample should be powered under $U_C$ with a short circuit capability of at least 5A.		N/A
ZB.3	Pass criteria	Model:	
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kV}$	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (measured at the crest of the sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.	$U_c = \_ \text{ V}$ test voltage $\_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (measured at the crest of the sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_c = \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
Remarks: /			



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 7: Additional tests for outdoor use SPDs</b>		
7.5.2/8.6.2	Environmental tests for outdoor SPDs (informative)	Model:	
F.1	Accelerated aging test with UV radiation	Model:	
	Expose three complete SPDs, as to be installed for outdoor use, to 1000 h of UV radiation (UV-B) and water spray as follows: 500 cycles of 120 min each, consisting of 102 min of UV light at 60 °C, 18 min of UV light and water spray at 65 °C and 65 % RH. The UV radiation shall be according to ISO 4892-2, method A. ISO 4892-1 and ASTM 151 are to be used for general guidance for the test.		N/A
	The samples shall be connected to a power source at $U_c$ during the test and residual current shall be monitored at 120 min intervals. After completion of this test, the samples shall be tested according to F.2.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	During and after the test the samples shall be visually inspected for voids, cracks, tracking and surface erosion. The residual currents shall not increase by more than 10%. The degree of tracking, surface erosion and cracking shall be assessed to determine if this will compromise the enclosure of the product to meet the other electrical and mechanical performance requirements of this standard.		N/A
F.2	Water immersion test	Model:	
	The test is performed in accordance with Figure 8 of IEC 60099-4. The test samples shall kept immersed in a vessel, in boiling de-ionized water with 1 kg/m <sup>3</sup> of NaCl, for 42 h.		N/A
	At the end of boiling, the SPD shall remain in the vessel until the water has cooled down to approximately 20 °C ( $\pm 15$ °C) and shall be maintained in the water till the verification tests are performed. After the water immersion test the samples shall be subjected the dielectric test (see F.3).		N/A
F.3	Dielectric test	Model:	



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>The test samples shall be subjected to a dielectric test at a power frequency sinusoidal voltage of 1000 V plus twice the reference test voltage <math>U_{REF}</math> for 1 min and the leakage current shall be measured. The test voltage shall be applied as follows:</p> <p>a) SPD with metallic housing with or without mounting bracket The voltage shall be applied between all terminals or external leads which are not internally connected to the housing, neither directly nor through surge protective components, connected together, and the metallic housing. If all terminals and external leads are connected directly or through components to the conductive housing, this test is not performed.</p> <p>b) SPD with non-conductive housing with non-conductive or without mounting bracket The non-conductive housing shall be tightly wrapped in conductive foil to within 15 mm of any non-insulated lead or terminal. The voltage shall be applied between the conductive foil and all terminals or external leads connected together.</p> <p>c) SPD with non-conductive housing with metallic mounting bracket The non-conductive housing shall be tightly wrapped in conductive foil to within 15 mm of any non-insulated lead, terminal and the metallic mounting bracket. The voltage shall be applied between the conductive foil and all terminals, external leads and mounting bracket connected together.</p>		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	The leakage current measured during this test shall not exceed 25 mA.	$I = \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
F.4	Temperature cycle test	Model:	
	The test shall be performed according to IEC 60068-2-14 with 5 cycles with a lower temperature of -40 °C and with an upper temperature of +100 °C. The time duration for each half cycle is 3 h and the temperature change shall occur within 30 s.		N/A
	Pass criteria		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	During and after the test, the samples shall be visually inspected for voids, cracks, tracking and surface erosion. The residual currents shall not increase by more than 10 %. The degree of tracking, surface erosion and cracking shall be assessed to determine if this will compromise the enclosure of the product to meet the other electrical and mechanical performance requirements of this standard.		N/A
F.5	Verification of resistance to corrosion		N/A
	<p>SPDs with exposed metal parts shall be subjected to the test and shall be mounted as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions.</p> <p>The enclosure or samples shall be new and in a clean condition. The samples shall be subjected to the following test:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12 cycles of 24 h, damp heat cycling test according to test Db of IEC 60068-2-30 at 40 °C and relative humidity of 95 %;</li> <li>• 14 cycles of 24 h, salt mist test according to test Ka of IEC 60068-2-11 at a temperature of (35 ± 2) °C.</li> </ul> <p>After the test, the samples shall be washed in running tap water for 5 min, rinsed in distilled or demineralized water then shaken or subjected to air blast to remove water droplets. The specimen under test shall then be stored under normal service conditions for 2 h.</p>		N/A
	Pass criteria		N/A
	<p>Compliance is checked by visual inspection to ensure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• there is no evidence of rust, cracking or other deterioration. However, surface deterioration of any protective coating is allowed. In case of doubt, reference shall be made to ISO 4628-3 to verify that the samples conform to the specimen Ri1;</li> <li>• seals are not damaged;</li> <li>• any moving parts (disconnectors) work without abnormal effort.</li> </ul>		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 8: Additional tests for short-circuiting type SPDs</b>		
7.5.4/8.6.4	Short-circuiting type SPDs	Model:	
	These SPDs shall be capable of withstanding a short-circuit current test at their declared short-circuit current rating after having been overstressed by a surge current according to their transition rating $I_{trans}$ . For such SPD's a conditioning into an intentional short-circuit according 8.6.4.1 is carried out, followed by a surge withstand test according 8.6.4.2 and a short-circuit current behaviour test according 8.6.4.3.		N/A
8.6.4.1	Change of characteristic procedure (conditioning test)		N/A
	One impulse of $I_{trans}$ with positive polarity is applied to the de-energised SPD to change of characteristic of the SPD into an internal short-circuit. To check for the internal short-circuit an appropriate measurement shall be performed after this test.	$I_{trans} = \_ \text{ kA}$	N/A
8.6.4.2	Surge withstand test (in short-circuited condition)		N/A
	One impulse of $I_{trans}$ with positive polarity is applied to the de-energised SPD.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
8.6.4.3	Short-circuit current behaviour test (in short-circuited condition)		
	The test is performed according to 8.3.5.3 excluding 8.3.5.1 and 8.3.5.3.2, but without any sample preparation.		N/A
8.3.5.3	This test is not applied to SPDs which are either <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• classified for outdoor use and for mounting out of reach,</li> <li>• for connection N-PE in TN and/or TT systems only</li> </ul>		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The test sample shall be mounted in accordance with the manufacturer's published recommendations and connected with conductors of the maximum cross section according to 8.4.2, keeping the cables connecting the sample to a maximum length of 0,5 m each.		N/A
	a) Test at the declared short-circuit current rating		N/A
	The sample is connected to a power frequency source at $U_{REF}$ . The prospective short-circuit current as declared by the manufacturer and with the corresponding power factor as given in Table 8 are adjusted at the SPD terminals.	___ V ___ kA cosφ=	N/A
	The test is carried out twice with $U_{REF}$ applied once at $(45 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees and once at $(90 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees after the zero crossing of the voltage.		N/A
	If a replaceable or resettable internal or external disconnecter operates, the relevant disconnecter shall be replaced or reset each time. If the disconnecter cannot be replaced or reset, the test is stopped.		N/A
	b) Test at low short-circuit current		N/A
	A power frequency source at $U_{REF}$ , having a prospective short-circuit current of five times the rated current of the maximum overcurrent protection (if declared by the manufacturer), and a power factor according to Table 8, shall be applied for $5 \text{ s} \pm 0,5 \text{ s}$ . If no external overcurrent protection is required by the manufacturer, a prospective short-circuit current of 300 A is used.	___ V ___ kA cosφ=	N/A
	The test is carried out once with $U_{REF}$ applied at $(45 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees after the zero crossing of the voltage.		N/A
	Pass criteria		N/A
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnecter(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.	__ V __ mA	N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.	__ mA	N/A
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
N	There shall be no flashover to the metallic screen and the 6 A gL/gG fuse connecting the screen shall not operate during the test.		N/A
Remarks: /			



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 6: Additional tests if declared by the manufacturer</b>		
7.6.1.1/8.7.1	Total discharge current test for multipole SPDs	Model:	
	One side of the test generator is connected to the PE or PEN terminal of the multipole SPD. Each of the remaining SPD terminals is connected via a typical series impedance consisting of a resistance of 30 mΩ and an inductance of 25 μH, to the other side of the generator. Smaller impedances may be used if the tolerances for the proportional surge currents according to Table 21 are met		N/A
	The multipole SPD shall be tested once with the total discharge current $I_{Total}$ declared by the manufacturer.	__ kA	N/A
	Pass criteria		
B	Voltage and current records and visual inspection show no sign of puncture or flashover.		N/A
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	__ kA/ __ V	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	__ kV	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage (<math>U_{REF}</math>).</p> <p>The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	<p>Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times <math>U_c</math> or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater.</p> <p>During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.</p>	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$ test voltage $\_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	<p>For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at <math>U_c</math>.</p> <p>Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_c = \_ \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
7.6.1.3	Vibration and shock (informative)	Model:	

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Vibration and shock tests shall be performed according to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EN 60068-2-6 for sinusoidal vibration test</li> <li>EN 60068-2-64 for broadband random vibration test</li> <li>EN 60068-2-27 for shock test</li> </ul>		N/A
ZB-2.2	Transportation	Model:	
	Usually SPDs within their packaging are subjected to mechanical stress due to transportation. This should be checked by a vibration and shock test in accordance with EN 60721-3-2		N/A
ZB.2.3	Special applications	Model:	
	Special applications of SPDs may require additional vibration and shock tests, on the device itself. Typical values can be found in EN 60721-3-3 and can be as shown in Table ZB.1.		N/A
	Furthermore other applications like railway may require different parameters that are given in corresponding standards or directly from application. For instance required parameters for railway vibration and shock tests are given in EN 61373.		N/A
	During the sinusoidal and random vibration tests (if requested), the sample should be powered under $U_C$ with a short circuit capability of at least 5A.		N/A
ZB.3	Pass criteria	Model:	
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
D	Determination of the measured limiting voltage:	$U_P \leq \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at a crest value corresponding to $I_{imp}$ for test class I	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.1, but only at $I_n$ for test class II	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	according to 8.3.3.3, but only at $U_{oc}$ for test class III	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kA} / \_ \_ \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	SPDs tested acc. to class I and II containing switching components: Front-of-wave sparkover voltage acc. to 8.3.3.2 All measured peak values (5 pos./5 neg.) below $U_P$	$\_ \_ \_ \text{ kV}$	N/A
E	No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements		N/A
	The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage ( $U_{REF}$ ). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (measured at the crest of the sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_{REF} = \_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off and dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times $U_c$ or 1000V a.c. whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.	$U_c = \_ \text{ V}$ test voltage $\_ \text{ V}$	N/A
	For SPD modes connected N-PE only, the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at $U_c$ . Its resistive component (measured at the crest of the sine wave) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>shall not exceed a value of 1 mA</li> </ul> or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the current shall not have changed by more than 20% compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the test sequence</li> </ul>	$U_c = \_ \text{ V}$  $I_{PE} = \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
G	Internal disconnectors shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
Remarks: /			



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 7: Additional tests for outdoor use SPDs</b>		
7.5.2/8.6.2	Environmental tests for outdoor SPDs (informative)	Model:	
F.1	Accelerated aging test with UV radiation	Model:	
	Expose three complete SPDs, as to be installed for outdoor use, to 1000 h of UV radiation (UV-B) and water spray as follows: 500 cycles of 120 min each, consisting of 102 min of UV light at 60 °C, 18 min of UV light and water spray at 65 °C and 65 % RH. The UV radiation shall be according to ISO 4892-2, method A. ISO 4892-1 and ASTM 151 are to be used for general guidance for the test.		N/A
	The samples shall be connected to a power source at $U_c$ during the test and residual current shall be monitored at 120 min intervals. After completion of this test, the samples shall be tested according to F.2.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	During and after the test the samples shall be visually inspected for voids, cracks, tracking and surface erosion. The residual currents shall not increase by more than 10%. The degree of tracking, surface erosion and cracking shall be assessed to determine if this will compromise the enclosure of the product to meet the other electrical and mechanical performance requirements of this standard.		N/A
F.2	Water immersion test	Model:	
	The test is performed in accordance with Figure 8 of IEC 60099-4. The test samples shall kept immersed in a vessel, in boiling de-ionized water with 1 kg/m <sup>3</sup> of NaCl, for 42 h.		N/A
	At the end of boiling, the SPD shall remain in the vessel until the water has cooled down to approximately 20 °C ( $\pm 15$ °C) and shall be maintained in the water till the verification tests are performed. After the water immersion test the samples shall be subjected the dielectric test (see F.3).		N/A
F.3	Dielectric test	Model:	

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>The test samples shall be subjected to a dielectric test at a power frequency sinusoidal voltage of 1000 V plus twice the reference test voltage <math>U_{REF}</math> for 1 min and the leakage current shall be measured. The test voltage shall be applied as follows:</p> <p>a) SPD with metallic housing with or without mounting bracket The voltage shall be applied between all terminals or external leads which are not internally connected to the housing, neither directly nor through surge protective components, connected together, and the metallic housing. If all terminals and external leads are connected directly or through components to the conductive housing, this test is not performed.</p> <p>b) SPD with non-conductive housing with non-conductive or without mounting bracket The non-conductive housing shall be tightly wrapped in conductive foil to within 15 mm of any non-insulated lead or terminal. The voltage shall be applied between the conductive foil and all terminals or external leads connected together.</p> <p>c) SPD with non-conductive housing with metallic mounting bracket The non-conductive housing shall be tightly wrapped in conductive foil to within 15 mm of any non-insulated lead, terminal and the metallic mounting bracket. The voltage shall be applied between the conductive foil and all terminals, external leads and mounting bracket connected together.</p>		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	The leakage current measured during this test shall not exceed 25 mA.	$I = \_ \text{ mA}$	N/A
F.4	Temperature cycle test	Model:	
	The test shall be performed according to IEC 60068-2-14 with 5 cycles with a lower temperature of -40 °C and with an upper temperature of +100 °C. The time duration for each half cycle is 3 h and the temperature change shall occur within 30 s.		N/A
	Pass criteria		



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	During and after the test, the samples shall be visually inspected for voids, cracks, tracking and surface erosion. The residual currents shall not increase by more than 10 %. The degree of tracking, surface erosion and cracking shall be assessed to determine if this will compromise the enclosure of the product to meet the other electrical and mechanical performance requirements of this standard.		N/A
F.5	Verification of resistance to corrosion		
	<p>SPDs with exposed metal parts shall be subjected to the test and shall be mounted as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions.</p> <p>The enclosure or samples shall be new and in a clean condition. The samples shall be subjected to the following test:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12 cycles of 24 h, damp heat cycling test according to test Db of IEC 60068-2-30 at 40 °C and relative humidity of 95 %;</li> <li>• 14 cycles of 24 h, salt mist test according to test Ka of IEC 60068-2-11 at a temperature of (35 ± 2) °C.</li> </ul> <p>After the test, the samples shall be washed in running tap water for 5 min, rinsed in distilled or demineralized water then shaken or subjected to air blast to remove water droplets. The specimen under test shall then be stored under normal service conditions for 2 h.</p>		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	<p>Compliance is checked by visual inspection to ensure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• there is no evidence of rust, cracking or other deterioration. However, surface deterioration of any protective coating is allowed. In case of doubt, reference shall be made to ISO 4628-3 to verify that the samples conform to the specimen Ri1;</li> <li>• seals are not damaged;</li> <li>• any moving parts (disconnectors) work without abnormal effort.</li> </ul>		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<b>TEST SEQUENCE 8: Additional tests for short-circuiting type SPDs</b>		
7.5.4/8.6.4	Short-circuiting type SPDs	Model:	
	These SPDs shall be capable of withstanding a short-circuit current test at their declared short-circuit current rating after having been overstressed by a surge current according to their transition rating $I_{trans}$ . For such SPD's a conditioning into an intentional short-circuit according 8.6.4.1 is carried out, followed by a surge withstand test according 8.6.4.2 and a short-circuit current behaviour test according 8.6.4.3.		N/A
8.6.4.1	Change of characteristic procedure (conditioning test)		N/A
	One impulse of $I_{trans}$ with positive polarity is applied to the de-energised SPD to change of characteristic of the SPD into an internal short-circuit. To check for the internal short-circuit an appropriate measurement shall be performed after this test.	$I_{trans} = \_ \text{ kA}$	N/A
8.6.4.2	Surge withstand test (in short-circuited condition)		N/A
	One impulse of $I_{trans}$ with positive polarity is applied to the de-energised SPD.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5 N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
8.6.4.3	Short-circuit current behaviour test (in short-circuited condition)		
	The test is performed according to 8.3.5.3 excluding 8.3.5.1 and 8.3.5.3.2, but without any sample preparation.		N/A
8.3.5.3	This test is not applied to SPDs which are either <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• classified for outdoor use and for mounting out of reach,</li> <li>• for connection N-PE in TN and/or TT systems only</li> </ul>		N/A

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The test sample shall be mounted in accordance with the manufacturer's published recommendations and connected with conductors of the maximum cross section according to 8.4.2, keeping the cables connecting the sample to a maximum length of 0,5 m each.		N/A
	a) Test at the declared short-circuit current rating		
	The sample is connected to a power frequency source at $U_{REF}$ . The prospective short-circuit current as declared by the manufacturer and with the corresponding power factor as given in Table 8 are adjusted at the SPD terminals.	___ V ___ kA cosφ=	N/A
	The test is carried out twice with $U_{REF}$ applied once at $(45 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees and once at $(90 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees after the zero crossing of the voltage.		N/A
	If a replaceable or resettable internal or external disconnecter operates, the relevant disconnecter shall be replaced or reset each time. If the disconnecter cannot be replaced or reset, the test is stopped.		N/A
	b) Test at low short-circuit current		
	A power frequency source at $U_{REF}$ , having a prospective short-circuit current of five times the rated current of the maximum overcurrent protection (if declared by the manufacturer), and a power factor according to Table 8, shall be applied for $5 \text{ s} \pm 0,5 \text{ s}$ . If no external overcurrent protection is required by the manufacturer, a prospective short-circuit current of 300 A is used.	___ V ___ kA cosφ=	N/A
	The test is carried out once with $U_{REF}$ applied at $(45 \pm 5)$ electrical degrees after the zero crossing of the voltage.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
C	No mechanical damage		N/A
H	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal or external disconnecter(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.		N/A
I	SPDs having an IP degree $\geq$ IP 2X – no live parts accessible with standardised test finger applied with a force of 5N, except the ones which are accessible when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
J	If disconnection occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s). If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected at $U_c$ and rated frequency for 1 min. The current flow shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.	__ V __ mA	N/A
	Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), are disregarded for this measurement.		N/A
	Current through the PE-terminal shall not exceed 1mA If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.	__ mA	N/A
K	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).		N/A
M	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.		N/A
N	There shall be no flashover to the metallic screen and the 6 A gL/gG fuse connecting the screen shall not operate during the test.		N/A
Remarks: /			

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
Annex ZC	Additional requirements for portable SPDs classified as pluggable equipment type A	Model:	
	It does not apply to — portable SPDs for industrial and similar use, — portable SPDs that are designed to be permanently connected to the fixed installation with a reliable earth (e.g. mounted in 19" racks).		N/A
	If not otherwise mentioned, Annex ZC amends specific requirements of this European Standard. All requirements not mentioned in this annex shall be applied unchanged as provided in Table 3.		N/A
	In Clause ZC.x below, the same numbering of the sub-clauses has been kept as in the main document.		N/A
ZC.7.7	Specific requirements for portable SPDs classified as pluggable equipment type A		
	For portable SPDs considered as pluggable equipment type A, the following specific requirements apply. — Every mode of protection shall be provided with an appropriate internal disconnecter(s). No external disconnectors shall be required. All tests shall be passed by the SPD itself. — Live terminals shall not be specifically assigned to a line terminal or to a neutral terminal. All live terminals shall be tested in the same way (due to possible inversion). — No exceptions related to N-PE mode of protection of the main document apply to portable SPDs. — Wherever disconnecter operation is required, it shall be provided by internal disconnecter(s). — Internal disconnectors dedicated to the SPD function shall not be resettable or replaceable. — The short circuit current rating /sccr shall not be lower than 1 500 A. — All possible protection modes shall be tested, i.e. live to live and live to PE, when applicable. — Voltage limiting components shall be rated to a minimum value of 1,25 times the nominal rated voltage of the system for which the SPD is designed, e.g. 230 V + 25 % min. for 230 V AC systems. When a mode of protection contains more than one voltage limiting component in series, this requirement applies to the sum of the voltage ratings of all voltage limiting components		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	connected in series.		
	For SPDs with no protection mode connected to PE, no additional requirement applies.		N/A
	For SPDs with a protection mode connected to PE, this protection mode shall consist of at least one voltage limiting component (e.g. MOV) and one voltage switching component (e.g. GDT) connected in series.		N/A
	Portable multiservice SPDs designed to protect more than one kind of service e.g. power, data, and telecom system, shall be provided with modes of protection referring to a common reference point.		N/A
	All clearances and creepage distances, including distances along outer surfaces of components, shall comply with the requirements for basic insulation of overvoltage category II and pollution degree 2.		N/A
	Compliance is checked by visual inspection and the relevant tests of Clause 8 in conjunction with this Annex ZC.		N/A
ZC.8.3.5.3	Short-circuit current behaviour tests		
	b) Test at low short-circuit current		
	The prospective short-circuit current shall be set to 100 A.		N/A
	Pass criteria		
	Pass criteria C, H, I, J, K, M and N according to Table 4 shall apply.		N/A
ZC.8.3.5.3.2	Additional test for SPD's failure mode simulation		
	Pass criteria		
	Pass criteria C, H, I, J, M and N according to Table 4 shall apply.		N/A
ZC.8.3.8	Behaviour under temporary overvoltages (TOVs)		
	Tests are applied: — between live terminals; — between live terminals and PE, if applicable.		N/A
	Table B.1 is replaced by Table ZC.B.1 with conditions corresponding to the worse conditions of TT and TN systems. $U_{ref}$ is set to minimum 255 V AC.		N/A
ZC.8.3.8.2	TOVs caused by faults in the high (medium) voltage system		
	The prospective short-circuit current of the power source for $U_{REF}$ shall be set to 100 A.		N/A



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
Remarks: /			

**Table 3 – Type test requirements for SPDs**

Test sequence	Test description	Subclause requirement/test	External disconnect ors connected <sup>a</sup>	Tissue paper used	Metalli c Screen used	Test class I	Test class II	Test class III
1	Identification and marking	7.1.1/7.1.2/8.2	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Mounting	7.3.1	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Terminals and connections	7.3.2/7.3.3/8.4.2	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Testing for protection against direct contact	7.2.1/8.3.1	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Environment, IP code	7.4.1 / 8.5.1	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Residual current	7.2.2 / 8.3.2	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Operating duty test	7.2.4/8.3.4 <sup>b</sup>						
	Operating duty test for test classes I, II or III	8.3.4.2 / 8.3.4.3/ 8.3.4.5	A	-	-	A	A	A
	Additional duty test for test class I	8.3.4.4	A	-	-	A	-	-
	Thermal stability	7.2.5.2 / 8.3.5.2	A	-	-	A	A	A
	Air clearances and creepage distances	7.3.4 / 8.4.3	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Ball pressure test	7.4.2 / 8.5.3	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Resistance to abnormal heat and fire	7.4.3 / 8.5.4	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Tracking resistance	7.4.4 / 8.5.5	-	-	-	A	A	A
2	Voltage protection level	7.2.3/8.3.3						
	Residual voltage	8.3.3.1	-	-	-	A	A	-
	Front of wave sparkover voltage	8.3.3.2	-	-	-	A	A	-
	Limiting voltage with combination wave	8.3.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	A
2a	<b>See below - only if applicable</b>							
2b	<b>See below - only if applicable</b>							
3	Insulation resistance	7.2.6 / 8.3.6	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Dielectric withstand	7.2.7 / 8.3.7	-	-	-	A	A	A
3a	<b>See below - only if applicable</b>							
	Mechanical strength	7.3.5 / 8.4.4	-	-	-	A	A	A
	Temperature withstand	7.2.5 / 8.3.5.1 <sup>b</sup>	-	-	-	A	A	A
3b <sup>c</sup>	<b>See below - only if applicable</b>							
3c	<b>See below - only if</b>							



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Test sequence	Test description	Subclause requirement/test	External disconnectors connected <sup>a</sup>	Tissue paper used	Metallc Screen used	Test class I	Test class II	Test class III
	<b>applicable</b>							
4 <sup>c</sup>	Heat resistance	7.4.2 / 8.5.2	-	-	-	A	A	A
	TOV tests	7.2.8 / 8.3.8						
	TOVs caused by faults or disturbances in the low voltage system	7.2.8.1/8.3.8.1 <sup>b</sup>	A	A	-	A	A	A
	TOVs caused by faults in the high (medium) voltage system	7.2.8.2/8.3.8.2 <sup>b</sup>	A	A	-	A	A	A
5 <sup>c</sup>	Short-circuit current behaviour	7.2.5.3 / 8.3.5.3	A	-	A	A	A	A

**Table 3 – Type test requirements for SPDs (continued)**

Additional tests for specific SPD designs								
Test sequence	Test description	Subclause requirement/test	External disconnectors connected	Tissue paper used	Metallc Screen used	Test class I	Test class II	Test class III
Additional tests for two-port SPDs and one port-SPDs with separate input / output terminals								
3c <sup>c</sup>	Rated load current	7.5.1.1 / 8.6.1.1	A	-	-	A	A	A
	Overload behaviour	7.5.1.2 / 8.6.1.2 <sup>b</sup>	-	-	-	A	A	A
2b	Load side short-circuit current behaviour	7.5.1.3 / 8.6.1.3 <sup>b</sup>	A	-	A	A	A	A
Additional tests if declared by the manufacturer								
3b	Voltage drop	7.6.2.1 / 8.7.2	-	-	-	A	A	A
2a <sup>c</sup>	Load side surge withstand	7.6.2.2 / 8.7.3 <sup>b</sup>	A	-	-	A	A	A
6	Total discharge current test for multipole SPDs	7.6.1.1 / 8.7.1 <sup>b</sup>	-	-	-	A	A	-
Additional tests for outdoor use SPDs								
7	Environmental tests for outdoor SPDs	7.5.2 / 8.6.2	-	-	-	A	A	-
Additional tests for SPDs with separate isolated circuits								
3a	Isolation between separate circuits	7.5.3/ 8.3.6 /8.3.7	-	-	-	A	A	A
Additional tests for short-circuiting type SPDs								
8	Change of characteristic procedure (preconditioning to short-circuited condition)	7.5.4 / 8.6.4	-	-	-	-	A	-
	Surge withstand test (in short-circuited condition)	7.5.4 / 8.6.4	-	-	-	-	A	-
	Short-circuit current behaviour (in shortcircuited condition)	7.5.4 / 8.6.4	A	-	A	-	A	-
A = applicable - = not applicable								
<sup>a</sup> external disconnectors connected means that all disconnectors as specified by the manufacturer shall be tested with the SPD during the type tests, except for RCDs, which are not tested during the operating duty test according to 8.3.4.								
<sup>b</sup> For these tests initial measurements of leakage currents according to Table 4, pass criterion E maybe necessary.								
<sup>c</sup> For this test sequence more than one set of samples may be needed.								
<sup>d</sup> For the whole operating duty test (including the additional duty test, if applicable) one separate set of samples may be used.								



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**Table 4 – Common pass criteria for type tests**

<b>A</b>	Thermal stability shall be achieved. The SPD is considered to be thermally stable if the crest of the resistive component of the current flowing into the SPD or the power dissipation shows either a decreasing tendency or does not increase during 15 min of $U_c$ voltage application immediately after the application of $U_c$ . If the test itself is performed with the SPD energized at $U_c$ , then $U_c$ either remains applied for these 15 min without interruption or is reapplied within less than 30 s.
<b>B</b>	Voltage and current records and visual inspection shall show no indication of puncture or flashover.
<b>C</b>	No visible damage shall occur during the test. After the test, small indents and cracks not impairing the protection against direct contact are disregarded during this check, unless the degree of protection (IP-code) given for the SPD is no longer provided. There shall be no visual evidence of burning of the sample after the test.
<b>D</b>	Values for measured limiting voltage after the test shall be below or equal to $U_p$ . The measured limiting voltage shall be determined, using the tests described in 8.3.3, but the test of 8.3.3.1 is performed only with a 8/20-surge current with a crest value of $I_{imp}$ for Test Class I or with $I_n$ for Test Class II or with the test of 8.3.3.3 but only at $U_{oc}$ for Test class III.
<b>E</b>	<p>No excessive leakage currents shall occur after the test.</p> <p>The SPD shall be connected as for normal use according to the manufacturer's instructions to a power supply at the reference test voltage (<math>U_{REF}</math>). The current that flows through each terminal is measured. Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) shall not exceed a value of 1 mA, or the total current shall not have changed by more than 20 % compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the relevant test sequence..</p> <p>Any resettable or rearmable disconnecter shall be switched off manually, if applicable, and the dielectric withstand shall be checked by application of two times <math>U_c</math> or 1 000 V a.c., whichever is greater. During the test, no flashover, breakdown of insulation either internally (puncture) or externally (tracking) or any other manifestation of disruptive discharge shall occur.</p> <p>In addition, for SPD modes connected N-PE only the current through the PE-terminal shall be measured, whereas the terminals are connected to a power supply at the maximum continuous operating voltage (<math>U_c</math>). Its resistive component (momentary value of current measured at the crest of the voltage sine wave) shall not exceed a value of 1 mA, or the total current shall not have changed by more than 20 % compared to the initial value determined at the beginning of the relevant test sequence.</p> <p>If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.</p>
<b>F</b>	External disconnectors as specified by the manufacturer shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test. For the purpose of this clause, working order means that there is no damage to the disconnector and that it is still operational. Operation can be checked either manually (where possible) or by a simple electrical test agreed between the manufacturer and the laboratory.
<b>G</b>	Internal disconnectors as specified by the manufacturer shall not operate during the test and shall be in working order after the test. For the purpose of this clause, working order means that there is no damage of the disconnector and that it is still operational. Operation can be checked either manually (where possible) or by a simple electrical test agreed between the manufacturer and the laboratory.
<b>H</b>	Disconnection shall be provided by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s). Their correct indication shall be checked.
<b>I</b>	SPDs with an IP degree equal to, or greater than, IP20 shall not have live parts accessible with the standardized test finger applied with a force of 5 N (see IEC 60529), except the live parts which were already accessible before the test when the SPD is fitted as in normal use.
<b>J</b>	<p>If disconnection (internal or external) occurs during the test, there shall be clear evidence of effective disconnection of the corresponding protective component(s).</p> <p>If internal disconnection occurs, the test sample is connected as for normal use at the maximum continuous operating voltage <math>U_c</math> and at rated frequency for 1 min. The test source shall have a short-circuit current capability equal or greater than 200 mA. The current that flows through the relevant protective components shall not exceed a value of 1 mA.</p> <p>Currents through components connected in parallel to the relevant protective component(s), or otherwise connected (e.g. indicator circuits), are disregarded for this measurement, as long as they cannot cause a current through the relevant protective component(s). In addition the current through the PE-terminal, including parallel circuits and other circuits (e.g. indicator circuits), if any, shall not exceed 1 mA.</p> <p>If there is more than one possible connection arrangement for normal use, this check shall be performed for all arrangements.</p>
<b>K</b>	The short-circuit current from the power source, if any, shall be interrupted within 5 s by one or more internal and/or external disconnector(s).
<b>L</b>	The tissue paper shall not catch fire.
<b>M</b>	There shall be no explosion or other hazard to either personnel or the facility.
<b>N</b>	There shall be no flashover to the metallic screen and the 6 A gL/gG fuse connecting the screen shall not operate during the test.
<b>O</b>	<p>After completion of this test the samples shall be allowed to return to room temperature and be connected to a power source at <math>U_c</math> for 2 h.</p> <p>The residual current shall be monitored and not exceed the value measured at the beginning of the test by more than 10 %.</p>

**Table 8 – Prospective short-circuit current and power factor**

$I_p$ (kA) $^{+5}_0$ %	$\cos \varphi$ ( $^0_{-0,05}$ )
$I_p \leq 1,5$	0,95
$1,5 < I_p \leq 3,0$	0,9
$3,0 < I_p \leq 4,5$	0,8
$4,5 < I_p \leq 6,0$	0,7
$6,0 < I_p \leq 10,0$	0,5
$10,0 < I_p \leq 20,0$	0,3
$20,0 < I_p \leq 50,0$	0,25
$50,0 < I_p$	0,2

NOTE Recovery voltage according to IEC 60947-1.

**Table 10 – Screw thread diameters and applied torques**

Nominal diameter of thread mm	Torque Nm		
	I	II	III
Up to and including 2,8	0,2	0,4	0,4
Over 2,8 up to and including 3,0	0,25	0,5	0,5
Over 3,0 up to and including 3,2	0,3	0,6	0,6
Over 3,2 up to and including 3,6	0,4	0,8	0,8
Over 3,6 up to and including 4,1	0,7	1,2	1,2
Over 4,1 up to and including 4,7	0,8	1,8	1,8
Over 4,7 up to and including 5,3	0,8	2,0	2,0
Over 5,3 up to and including 6,0	1,2	2,5	3,0
Over 6,0 up to and including 8,0	2,5	3,5	6,0
Over 8,0 up to and including 10,0	–	4,0	10,0

**Table 11 – Cross-sections of copper conductors for screw-type or screwless terminals**

Maximum continuous load current for two-port SPDs or one-port SPDs with separate input/output terminals <sup>a</sup>  A	Range of nominal cross-sections to be clamped (single conductor)	
	mm <sup>2</sup>	American Wire Gauge
Up to and including 13	1 to 2,5	18 to 14
Above 13 up to and including 16	1 to 4	18 to 12
Above 16 up to and including 25	1,5 to 6	16 to 10
Above 25 up to and including 32	2,5 to 10	14 to 8
Above 32 up to and including 50	4 to 16	12 to 6
Above 50 up to and including 80	10 to 25	8 to 3
Above 80 up to and including 100	16 to 35	6 to 2
Above 100 up to and including 125	25 to 50	4 to 1

<sup>a</sup> It is required that, for current ratings up to and including 50 A, terminals be designed to clamp solid conductors as well as rigid stranded conductors; the use of flexible conductors is permitted.

Nevertheless, it is permitted that terminals for conductors having cross-sections from 1 mm<sup>2</sup> up to 6 mm<sup>2</sup> be designed to clamp solid conductors only.

**Table 12 – Pulling forces (screw terminals)**

Cross-section of conductor accepted by the terminal mm <sup>2</sup>	Up to 4	Up to 6	Up to 10	Up to 16	Up to 50
Pull N	50	60	80	90	100

**Table 13 – Conductor dimensions**

Range of nominal cross-sections to be clamped mm <sup>2</sup>	Stranded conductor
	Number of wires
1 to 2,5 <sup>a</sup>	7
1 to 4 <sup>a</sup>	7
1,5 to 6 <sup>a</sup>	7
2,5 to 10	7
4 to 16	7
10 to 25	7
16 to 35	19
25 to 50	Under consideration

<sup>a</sup> If the terminal is intended to clamp solid conductors only (see table footnote of Table 11), the test is not performed.

**Table 14 – Pulling forces (screwless terminals)**

<b>Cross-sectional area</b> mm <sup>2</sup>	0,5	0,75	1,0	1,25 1,5	2,0 2,5	3,5 4	5,5 6	8,0 10	14 16	22 25	35 38
<b>Pull force</b> N	30	30	35	40	50	60	80	90	100	135	190

**Table 15 – Air clearances for SPDs**

$U_{max}^a$	$\leq 2\ 000\ V$	$\leq 4\ 000\ V$	$>4\ 000\ V$ up to 6 000 V	$>6\ 000\ V$ up to 8 000 V
	<b>Air clearances in millimetres</b>			
1) Between live parts of different polarity	1,5	3	5,5	8
2) Between live parts and				
– screws and other means to fasten a covering, having to be detached for mounting the SPD	1,5	3	5,5	8
– fastening surfaces (NOTE 2)	3	6	11	16
– screws or other means for fastening the SPD (NOTE 2)	3	6	11	16
– bodies (NOTES 1 and 2)	1,5	3	5,5	8
3) Between the metal parts of the disconnecter mechanism and				
– bodies (NOTE 1)	1,5	3	5,5	8
– screws or other means for fastening the SPD	1,5	3	5,5	8

<sup>a</sup> This column is only applicable for SPDs with  $U_c$  lower or equal to 180 V.

NOTE 1 For definition, see 8.3.6 a)

NOTE 2 If clearances between live parts of the device and the metallic screen or the surface on which the SPD is mounted are dependent on the design of the SPD only and cannot be reduced when the SPD is mounted in the least favourable position (even in a metallic enclosure), the values of line 1) are sufficient.





Table 16 – Creepage distances for SPDs

r.m.s. voltage b, c  V	Minimum creepage distances in millimetres										
	Printed wiring material		Pollution degree								
	Pollution degree		1			2			3		
	All material groups	All material groups, except IIIb	All material groups	Material group <sup>a</sup>			Material group <sup>a</sup>				
			I	II	III	I	II	III <sup>d</sup>			
10	0,025	0,04	0,08	0,4	0,4	0,4	1	1	1		
12,5	0,025	0,04	0,09	0,42	4,42	4,42	1,0	1,05	1,05		
16	0,025	0,04	0,1	0,45	0,45	0,45	1,1	1,1	1,1		
20	0,025	0,04	0,11	0,48	0,48	0,48	1,2	1,2	1,2		
25	0,025	0,04	0,125	0,5	0,5	0,5	1,2	1,25	1,25		
32	0,025	0,04	0,14	0,53	0,53	0,53	1,3	1,3	1,3		
40	0,025	0,04	0,16	0,56	0,8	1,1	1,4	1,6	1,8		
50	0,025	0,04	0,18	0,6	0,85	1,2	1,5	1,7	1,9		
63	0,04	0,063	0,2	0,63	0,9	1,25	1,6	1,8	2		
80	0,063	0,1	0,22	0,67	0,95	1,3	1,7	1,9	2,1		
100	0,1	0,16	0,25	0,71	1	1,4	1,8	2	2,2		
125	0,16	0,25	0,28	0,75	1,05	1,5	1,9	2,1	2,4		
160	0,25	0,4	0,32	0,8	1,1	1,6	2	2,2	2,5		
200	0,4	0,63	0,42	1	1,4	2	2,5	2,8	3,2		
250	0,56	1	0,56	1,25	1,8	2,5	3,2	3,6	4		
320	0,75	1,6	0,75	1,6	2,2	3,2	4	4,5	5		
400	1	2	1	2	2,8	4	5	5,6	6,3		
500	1,3	2,5	1,3	2,5	3,6	5	6,3	7,1	8		
630	1,8	3,2	1,8	3,2	4,5	6,3	8	9	10		
800	2,4	4	2,4	4	5,6	8	10	11	12,5		
1 000	3,2	5	3,2	5	7,1	10	12,5	14	16		

<sup>a</sup> For further information on material groups refer to Table 17.

<sup>b</sup> This voltage is  
 for functional insulation, the working voltage;  
 for basic and supplementary insulation of the circuit energized directly from the supply mains, the voltage rationalized through Table F.3a or Table F.3b of IEC 60664-1, based on the rated voltage of the equipment, or the rated insulation voltage;  
 for basic and supplementary insulation of systems, equipment and internal circuits not energized directly from the mains, the highest r.m.s. voltage which can occur in the system, equipment or internal circuit when supplied at rated voltage and under the most onerous combination of conditions of operation within equipment rating.

<sup>c</sup> For the main protection circuit, this column refers to  $U_C$ .

<sup>d</sup> Material IIIb shall not be used for application in pollution degree 3 above 630 V.

NOTE If the actual voltage differs from the values given in the table, it is allowed to interpolate values for intermediate voltages. When interpolating, linear interpolation should be used and values should be rounded to the same number of digits than the values picked from the table.

**Table 17 – Relationship between material groups and classifications**

<b>Material group I</b>	<b>600 ≤ CTI</b>
<b>Material group II</b>	<b>400 ≤ CTI &lt; 600</b>
<b>Material group IIIa</b>	<b>175 ≤ CTI &lt; 400</b>
<b>Material group IIIb</b>	<b>100 ≤ CTI &lt; 175</b>
Relationship between material groups and classifications are according to IEC 60112 (CTI values, using solution A).	

**Table 18 – Fall distances for impact requirements**

Height of fall mm	Parts of enclosures to be subjected to the impacts	
	Ordinary accessory	Other accessories
100	A and B	A and B
150	C	C
200	D	D
<p>A: parts on the front surface, including parts which are recessed.</p> <p>B: parts which do not project more than 15 mm from the mounting surface (distance from the wall) after mounting as in normal use, with the exception of the above parts A.</p> <p>C: parts which project more than 15 mm and not more than 25 mm from the mounting surface (distance from the wall) after mounting as in normal use, with the exception of the above parts A.</p> <p>D: parts which project more than 25 mm from the mounting surface (distance from the wall) after mounting as in normal use, with the exception of the above parts A.</p>		



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Table 19 – Test conductors for rated load current test

Test current [A]		Cross section	
Greater than	Less or equal	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	AWG/MCM
0	8	1,0	18
8	12	1,5	16
12	15	2,5	14
15	20	2,5	12
20	25	4,0	10
25	32	6,0	10
32	50	10	8
50	65	16	6
65	85	25	4
85	100	35	3
100	115	35	2
115	130	50	1
130	150	50	0
150	175	70	00
175	200	95	000
200	225	95	0000
225	250	120	250
250	275	150	300
275	300	185	350
300	350	185	400
350	400	240	500

NOTE If other standardized cross-sections are used in specific countries, the next closest cross-section should be used for testing.

**Table 20 – Current factor *k* for overload behaviour**

Protective device	Trip current factor <i>k</i>
Circuit breaker	1,45
Fuse	1,6
<p>NOTE 1 If the type of protective device (breaker or fuse) is not specified by the manufacturer, the test is performed with the higher <i>k</i> factor.</p> <p>NOTE 2 For countries using other values, these values should be declared on the SPD's data sheet according to 7.1.1 c7).</p> <p>NOTE 3 National condition for Japan: <i>k</i> is 1,25 for circuit-breaker and 1,5 for fuse.</p> <p>NOTE 4 National condition for North America: <i>k</i> is under consideration.</p>	



**LCIE**

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**Table 21 – Tolerances for proportional surge currents**

Test classification	Proportional currents and tolerances
Test class I	$I_{imp(1)} = I_{imp(2)} = I_{imp(N)} = I_{Total(imp)} / N \quad 10 \%$ $Q_{(1)} = Q_{(2)} = Q_{(N)} = Q_{Total} / N \quad -10/+20 \%$ $W/R_{(1)} = W/R_{(2)} = W/R_{(N)} = W/R_{Total} / N^2 \quad -10/+45 \%$
Test class II	$I_{8/20(1)} = I_{8/20(2)} = I_{8/20(N)} = I_{Total(8/20)} / N \quad \pm 10\%$

**Table B.1 – TOV test values for systems complying with IEC 60364 series**

Application	TOV test parameters		
SPDs connected to:	For $t_T=5$ s (LV-system faults in consumer installation) (requirement to 7.2.8.1 and test 8.3.8.1)	For $t_T=120$ min (LV-system faults in distribution system and loss of neutral (requirement to 7.2.8.1 and test 8.3.8.1)	For $t_T=200$ ms (HV-system faults) (requirement to 7.2.8.2 and test 8.3.8.2)
	Withstand mode required	Withstand or safe failure mode acceptable	Withstand or safe failure mode acceptable
<b>TOV test values <math>U_T</math> (V)</b>			
<b>TN-systems</b>			
Connected L-(PE)N or L-N	$1,32 \times U_{REF}$	$\sqrt{3} \times U_{REF}$	
Connected N-PE			
Connected L-L			
<b>TT-systems</b>			
Connected L-PE	$\sqrt{3} \times U_{REF}$	$1,32 \times U_{REF}$	$1\ 200 + U_{REF}$
Connected L-N	$1,32 \times U_{REF}$	$\sqrt{3} \times U_{REF}$	
Connected N-PE			1 200
Connected L-L			
<b>IT-systems</b>			
Connected L-PE			$1\ 200 + U_{REF}$
Connected L-N	$1,32 \times U_{REF}$	$\sqrt{3} \times U_{REF}$	
Connected N-PE			$1\ 200 + U_{REF}$
Connected L-L			
$U_{REF}$	reference test voltage used for testing and taking into account the maximum voltage regulation of the power system (see Annex A).		
$U_0$	in TN- and TT-systems: nominal a.c. r.m.s. line voltage to earth; in IT-systems: nominal a.c. voltage between line conductor and neutral conductor or midpoint conductor, as appropriate (see 442.1.2 of IEC 60364-4-44:2007).		
$1,32 \times$	$U_{REF}$ equals $1,45 \times U_0$ in case the voltage regulation does not exceed +10 % (see 442.5 of IEC 60364-4-44:2007).		
<b>NOTE</b> As voltage regulation exceeds 10 % in some countries, only $U_{REF}$ is used in this standard for general applicability. Further information on voltage regulation can be found in IEC 60038.			

**Table G.1 – Temperature-rise limits**

Parts of SPD	Temperature rise K
Built-in components <sup>a</sup>	In accordance with the relevant product standard requirements for the individual components or, in accordance with the component manufacturer's instructions <sup>f</sup> , taking into consideration the temperature in the SPD
Terminals for external insulated conductors	70 <sup>b</sup>
Busbars and conductors, plug-in contacts of removable or withdrawable parts which connect to busbars	Limited by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– mechanical strength of conducting material <sup>g</sup>;</li> <li>– possible effect on adjacent equipment;</li> <li>– permissible temperature limit of the insulating materials in contact with the conductor;</li> <li>– effect of the temperature of the conductor on the apparatus connected to it;</li> <li>– for plug-in contacts, nature and surface treatment of the contact material.</li> </ul>
Manual operating means: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– of metal</li> <li>– of insulating material</li> </ul>	15 <sup>c</sup> 25 <sup>c</sup>
Accessible external enclosures and covers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– metal surfaces</li> <li>– insulating surfaces</li> </ul>	30 <sup>d</sup> 40 <sup>d</sup>
Discrete arrangements of plug and socket-type connections	Determined by the limit for those components of the related equipment of which they form part <sup>e</sup>
<sup>a</sup> The term "built-in components" means: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– conventional switchgear and controlgear;</li> <li>– electronic sub-assemblies (e.g. rectifier bridge, printed circuit);</li> <li>– parts of the equipment (e.g. regulator, stabilized power supply unit, operational amplifier).</li> </ul> <sup>b</sup> An SPD used or tested under installation conditions may have connections, the type, nature and disposition of which will not be the same as those adopted for the test, and a different temperature rise of terminals may result. Where the terminals of the built-in component are also the terminals for external insulated conductors, the lower of the corresponding temperature-rise limits shall be applied. <sup>c</sup> Manual operating means within SPDs which are only accessible after the SPD has been opened, for example draw-out handles which are operated infrequently, are allowed to assume a 25 K increase on these temperature-rise limits. <sup>d</sup> Unless otherwise specified, in the case of covers and enclosures, which are accessible but need not be touched during normal operation, a 10 K increase on these temperature-rise limits is permissible. <sup>e</sup> This allows a degree of flexibility in respect of equipment (e.g. electronic devices) which is subject to temperature-rise limits different from those normally associated with switchgear and controlgear. <sup>f</sup> For temperature-rise tests according to 8.6.1.1, the temperature-rise limits shall be specified by the manufacturer of the SPD. <sup>g</sup> Assuming all other criteria listed are met, a maximum temperature rise of 105 K for bare copper busbars and conductors shall not be exceeded. The 105 K relates to the temperature above which annealing of copper is likely to occur.	